

# KING'S COLLEGE LONDON MARKING FRAMEWORK



The College Marking Framework is an important reference point for setting and maintaining academic standards across the college. It provides guidance for all assessment practices and promotes consistency across taught programmes with the aim of enhancing the student experience of assessment. It covers the areas of marking policy and marking models, marking schemes (with specific reference to the new Step-Marking Scheme), and marking criteria. Guidance on the marking policy and clear descriptions of the marking models will aid faculties, departments, assessment boards as well as assessment sub-boards in their choice of models.

The newly introduced step-marking scheme offers an alternative to the 0-100% marking scale. The generic college marking criteria provide a frame for the setting of learning outcomes, and support faculties and assessment sub-boards in refining their faculty, discipline or assessment-specific marking criteria. They also provide students with a broad sense of learning outcomes expected at different credit levels, and support transparency and consistency. To develop student agency in assessment, faculties and departments are encouraged to engage students in the development of specific marking criteria. Students can also use the criteria for self-assessment or peer assessment.

#### **Contents**

1. The College Policy	3
2. The Governance	3
Internal Moderation	3
Examiners	3
Anonymity	4
Marking	4
3. The Marking Models	5
Marks	7
Reconciliation of Marks	7
Rubric Violations	7
Marking Formative Assessment	8
External Examiners	8
4. The College Marking Schemes	8
Governance	8
Choice of Marking Scheme	8
0-100% Marking Scheme	8
The Step-Marking Scheme	9
Implementation	10
How to mark an assignment with a stepped marking scheme	10
Pre-UG Step-Marking Scheme	11
UG Step-Marking Scheme	12
PG Step-Marking Scheme	12
5. The College Marking Criteria	13
Guidelines for usage	13
Specific Marking Criteria	13
Assessment-Specific Marking Criteria	13
Using the Criteria to design assessment rubrics	13
Marking with Rubrics	14
The College Generic Marking Criteria Level 3	16
The College Generic Marking Criteria Level 4	19
The College Generic Marking Criteria Level 5	23
The College Generic Marking Criteria Level 6	27
The College Generic Marking Criteria Level 7	31
6. Implementation of the Marking Frame	36
7. Glossary	36

# 1. The College Policy

Assessment Sub-Boards will be entrusted to apply the rules of the College Marking Framework consistently and fairly, and Faculty/School Assessment Boards will be responsible for ensuring that the Assessment Sub-Boards have conducted their marking processes in accordance with the marking framework and the adopted marking models. In keeping with the College commitment to ensure that the assessment process is fair, equal and transparent, Assessment Sub-Boards will select the most appropriate marking model for each assessment type within a module with the overall aim of improving the turnaround time linked to the marking process and enhancing the delivery of relevant and timely feedback. Modules or programmes delivered online are subject to the same assessment scrutiny. All programmes must provide students with details of the College Marking Framework and the model(s) that they intend to apply.

# 2. The Governance

Faculties should adopt the following Governance procedures for the College Marking Framework: Faculty Assessment Boards will approve the assessment specific/discipline-based marking schemes recommended by their Assessment Sub-Boards and ensure that the appropriate marking model is attributed to each assessment and is fairly and consistently employed. Faculty Assessment Boards should support marking harmonisation across their faculty and may provide guidance and training.

#### **Internal Moderation**

Assessment Sub-Boards are responsible for all programmes to have internal moderation systems in place to ensure the consistency of marking and the proper application of the marking criteria. This is particularly relevant where multiple markers mark larger cohorts and where some form of standard-setting between marking groups is needed where markers can discuss and develop a shared understanding of the marking criteria. Faculty Assessment Boards may assist in giving guidance and harmonise across programmes.

#### **Examiners**

#### **Internal examiners**

Every taught, credit-bearing module must have an internal examiner - an identified individual that takes responsibility for the assessment and awarded marks on the module. Internal examiners may take responsibility for more than one module. They must be appropriately qualified and experienced to take responsibility for awarded marks. Internal examiners are responsible for the planning and implementation of appropriate marking, second-marking and internal moderation processes on a programme or group of modules. Usually, this person will be the module leader or module convenor, but departments may appoint another individual to act as an internal examiner. For a comprehensive definition of the term 'internal examiner', please consult the Faculty Assessment Board/Assessment Sub-Board Terms of reference.

#### **Markers**

Markers work under the supervision of an internal examiner to assist with the assessment of students' work. They are responsible for assessing student work against the published marking criteria, assigning each student a mark according to the relevant marking scale and providing students with feedback on their work. The appointment of markers must follow the requirements set out in the College Marking Framework and in accordance with Faculty processes. The internal examiner remains responsible for the awarded marks. Any individual involved in the marking process will have appropriate experience and expertise. It is the responsibility of the Assessment Sub-Board to ensure that all markers, including Post-doctoral markers, have suitable training and support to carry out these duties.

#### **Postgraduate Markers**

PGT and PGR markers are students registered on a King's programme who are engaged in educational support within the university. Marker status may exceptionally also apply to PGR students not registered on

a King's programme. UG students cannot be asked to mark summative assessment but may get involved in marking formative assignments.

Postgraduate (PGT/PGR) markers who have undergone specific marking training may support marking of formative and summative assessment for credit level 3 to 6 assignments. Their involvement in the marking process requires close support and supervision by an experienced internal marker. King's Academy offer workshops on **SkillForge** for marking and feedback, usually before the main assessment periods. These workshops discuss principles for fair and consistent marking and involve practice exercises for providing clear feedback on students' work. PGT/PGR markers should also be part of the department's marking training.

PGT/PGR markers may not mark summative assessment of level 7 assignments unless their experience and marking training as well as the nature of the assignment are deemed to be appropriate for the work. The decision needs to be supported by the Assessment Sub-Board Chair of the relevant programme and confirmed by the Chair of Faculty Assessment Board. If there is no agreement, the decision is left to the Chair of ASSC.

Assessments marked by a PGT/PGR student as the first marker need to be second marked as per marking model by an experienced internal marker unless the marking is for a quantitative, technical, or multiple-choice assessment where a precise model solution and non-subjective marking scheme is available.

Care should be taken to ensure there is no conflict of interest (apparent or real) in marking assessments, for example (but not limited to) markers should not have been in the same cohort as someone whose work they are marking (anonymously, or not). ASB chairs are responsible for ensuring that suitable procedures are in place when markers are assigned.

#### **Anonymity**

The identity of students shall be withheld from all examiners until the complete marking process has been conducted unless the nature of the assessment makes this impossible. Exemptions may be necessary for example for supervised dissertations, performances, laboratory work, etc., and must be agreed with the Assessment Sub-Board Chair and the External Examiner. Where anonymity is not possible, programmes must ensure, to the satisfaction of the Assessment Sub-Board and the External Examiner, that there are robust processes in place for second-marking and internal moderation.

#### Marking

All summative assessment must be subject to a form of second marking. Second marking can take on different forms (see below). Details of the marking process are made available in advance to External Examiners and students and must include the specific form of marking applied as well as the selected marking sample and sample size, where appropriate.

# 3. The Marking Models

#### Pre-UG / UG / PG MARKING MODELS

#### **Model 1: Independent Double Marking**

Each assignment is marked independently by two markers and both examiners record their marks and comments separately. The two marks are subsequently reconciled to agree the mark for the assessment. Any research project/dissertation which is marked by the supervisor must be independently second-marked.

#### **Model 2: Open Second Marking**

Each assignment is marked by two markers and both examiners record their marks and comments separately, but the second marker has access to the first marker's marks and comments.

#### Model 3: Independent Double Marking by Sample Marking

Each assignment is marked by the first marker. A second marker marks a sample but is not informed of the first marker's marks and comments and both examiners record their marks and comments separately.

#### Model 4: Open Second Marking by Sample Marking

Each assignment is marked by the first marker. The second marker marks a sample of the full set of scripts but has access to the first marker's marks and comments.

#### **Model 5: Second Marking by Check Marking**

Check Marking may be used for small components of summative assessments as long as the assessment does not contribute more than 15% to the overall assessment of the module. The assessment is marked by the first marker. The second marker confirms the assessment is appropriately marked and brings it to the attention of the first marker if not.

#### **Model 6: Second Marking by Clerical Check**

Clerical Checking is appropriate for quantitative, technical, or multiple-choice assessments where there is a precise model solution and marking scheme, and answers are quantitative/non-subjective and precise model solutions are available. The assessment is marked either by the first marker or automatically by the assessment programme. A clerical check is carried out to ensure that all marks have been accurately collated and assigned to the correct candidate.

## **Model 7: Second Marking of Live Assessment**

Where an assessment is conducted as a live activity and recording it is not appropriate, the assessment should include provisions for second-marking and External Examiner scrutiny. This may take the form of having two or more markers present, inviting the External Examiner to observe the event, or asking students to submit notes, slides and/or visual material for these purposes.

Faculties or departments will determine and publish the most appropriate marking model for every assessment depending on credit level, credits, and percentage of the module mark.

#### Double Marking for the full cohort (Model 1 and Model 2):

- Independent double-marking (Model 1): Two markers mark all assessments without seeing each other's marks and comments. See below for the reconciliation of marks.
- Open second marking (Model 2): The first marker marks all assessments. A second marker marks all
  assessments as well but has access to the first marker's marks and comments. Open second marking
  is less time-intensive than independent double marking by two markers (Model 1) while retaining
  the potential for students to benefit from different perspectives. See below for the reconciliation of
  marks.

A PGT/PGR student, having undergone appropriate training and instruction, can be employed as first marker with an experienced internal examiner as second marker. PGT/PGR markers should not be employed in the assessment of level 7 assignments unless their experience and marking training as well as the nature of the assignment are deemed to be appropriate for the work.

#### Second Marking by Sample Marking (Model 3 and Model 4):

- Sampling can be conducted as independent double marking, i.e. a second marker marks a sample of scripts without seeing the first marker's marks and comments (Model 3).
- Sampling may also be employed as open second marking (moderation), i.e. a second marker has access to the first marker's marks and comments (Model 4).

For both models, it is anticipated that if the second marker agrees with the sampled marks, the marking is accurate for the cohort. **See below for the reconciliation of marks.** The sample size should be randomly selected from across the range of marks and must be a minimum of 10% of the entire cohort or 5 scripts (whichever is greater). It should include:

- All Fails
- For modules with less than 20 students enrolled at least 1 script per classification.
- For modules with 20-29 students enrolled at least 2 scripts per classification.
- For modules with 30 or more students enrolled at least 3 scripts per classification.

A PGT/PGR student, having undergone appropriate training and instruction, can be employed as first marker with an experienced internal examiner as second marker provided that the element of assessment being marked contributes ≤30% to the overall assessment of the module. PGT/PGR markers should not be employed in the assessment of level 7 assignments unless their experience and marking training as well as the nature of the assignment are deemed to be appropriate for the work.

#### **Second Marking by Check Marking (Model 5):**

Check Marking may be used for small parts of summative assessments. The assessment is marked by the first marker. A second marker checks that the assessment is appropriately marked and systematic errors and/or patterns of inconsistency are avoided. If any are identified, they must be referred to the Chair of the Assessment Sub-Board who will determine the most appropriate course of action to be taken.

- The checked sample size should be randomly selected from across the range of marks and must be a minimum of 10% of the entire cohort or 5 scripts, whichever is greater.
- The assessment must not contribute to more than 15% of the overall assessment for the module.
- Check marking must not be the only marking model employed for the module.

A PGT/PGR student, having undergone appropriate training and instruction, can be employed as first marker with an experienced internal examiner as second marker. PGT/PGR markers should not be employed in the assessment of level 7 assignments unless their experience and marking training as well as the nature of the assignment are deemed to be appropriate for the work.

#### Second Marking by Clerical Check (Model 6)

A clerical check will usually only be appropriate for quantitative or multiple-choice assessments where answers can be scored objectively rather than requiring qualitative judgement on the part of the marker. The assessment is marked either by the first marker or automatically by the assessment software. A clerical check is then carried out to ensure that all marks have been accurately collated and assigned to the correct candidate. The precise nature of clerical checks will vary depending on the nature of recording and computing

marks but would normally include consideration of the following aspects: all components of the assessment have been assigned a mark, marks assigned are within the permitted range, correct weightings have been applied to the components in a quantitative rubric, any correction for guessing has been applied appropriately for MCQ assessments. The overall aim is to check that marks are recorded correctly for individual students. Clerical checks can be conducted by PGT/PGR markers, but not both the first marking and the clerical check.

A PGT/PGR student, having undergone appropriate training and instruction, can be employed as first marker if the marking is for a quantitative, technical, or multiple-choice assessment where a precise model solution and non-subjective marking scheme is available, and a clerical check is conducted. Please note that step-marking does not apply to Model 6.

## **Second Marking of Live Assessment (Model 7)**

An assessment that is conducted as a live activity (for example oral assessments, presentations, etc.) should be recorded and second-marked according to the appropriate model (Models 1-5), where possible. Where recording is not appropriate (e.g., for performance, laboratory work, marking clinical work with patients, group work, etc.), the assessment should include provisions for second-marking and External Examiner scrutiny. This may take the form of having two or more assessors present, inviting the External Examiner to observe the event, or asking students to submit notes, slides and/or visual material for these purposes.

#### Marks

The original marks made by the first and second marker must be recorded separately and made available to the External Examiner and at the Assessment Sub-Board for scrutiny. Summative marks shall not be awarded for attendance at teaching events. Marks for participation should be restricted to small teaching groups or online discussion boards.

#### Reconciliation of Marks

All marks must be agreed by the markers. Procedures for dealing with discrepancies between markers are compliant with the College Marking Framework and are made available to all examiners. Marks are reconciled with reference to the marking criteria. Individual marks should not be changed until all marks of the assessment have been checked. The agreed mark must be recorded separately and the first and second marker should comment on how the agreed mark has been reached so that this is transparent for students, Faculty Assessment Boards, and External Examiners. Where a first and second marker are unable to agree on a final mark or other patterns of inconsistency emerge, the matter must be referred to the Chair of the Assessment Sub-Board, who will determine the most appropriate course of action. Typically, this means a third, experienced marker is asked to support resolving the discrepancy with reference to the marking criteria. External Examiners should not be asked to moderate between internal markers but should be able to follow the reconciliation process.

Second marking by Sampling (Models 3 and 4): It is anticipated that if the second marker agrees with the sampled marks, the marking is accurate for the cohort. Where there is a discrepancy of more than 10 percentage points in a mark, the sample is extended to all scripts marked by the marker for whom there is a discrepancy. Where the assessment in question counts for 80% or more of the module mark and the difference in marks crosses a classification boundary for more than 25% of the sample, the sample is doubled in size to establish whether a discrepancy exists that requires action.

#### **Rubric Violations**

When students fail to answer the correct number of questions in different sections of an examination, they have violated the rubric requirements of the assessment. In such cases the examination script (all answers) is marked as usual by both examiners, and the following should apply:

- If insufficient questions have been attempted, the mark is determined from the questions answered. Aa mark of zero is awarded for unanswered questions.
- If more than the required number of questions have been answered, the question(s) with the lowest mark(s) will be discounted. If the first and second marker award the lowest mark to different questions, the Chair of the Assessment Sub-Board will determine the most appropriate course of action, typically bringing in a third marker to support resolving the discrepancy with reference to the marking criteria.
- If a question in the assessment is found to be faulty, for example the same question appears twice, or a question is incomplete, the Chair of the Assessment Sub-Board will determine the course of action.

## **Marking Formative Assessment**

Formative marking is not covered by these marking models (although they may be applied) and can be more flexible. Unmoderated single marking is possible. Formative work could also involve peer marking (where students mark one another's work) and self-evaluation (where students are guided through evaluating their own work).

#### **External Examiners**

The assessment process for a programme must be scrutinised by an External Examiner. External Examiners are given an opportunity to consider and comment on local procedures and their enactment in their final report. Additional moderation for the cohort is carried out by the External Examiner(s) through viewing a sample of the assessments. External Examiners have the right to request a cohort to be remarked if they feel the marking is not appropriate or consistent.

# 4. The College Marking Schemes

#### Governance

Faculties are strongly encouraged to support the newly developed step-marking scheme for all assessments where markers use their academic judgment, for example essay-based assessments, oral exams, etc. Assessment Sub-Boards decide whether the less granular stepped scheme or the full range of 0-100% is more appropriate for an assessment. Similar formative and summative assessment should use the same scheme. Step-marked formative assessment not needing this level of granularity may further reduce the steps. Pass marks (and therefore capped marks) stay at 40% (UG, Pre-UG) and 50% (PG). Qualifying marks (PSRB) remain at the agreed level. If a module mark is made up of several assessment components, a combination of both schemes (reduced steps and 100% numerical) is possible. The final module mark will be made up of all assessment components according to their weighting. The module mark will be the mean average and does not need to be one of the fixed percentage points on the step-marking scale.

#### **Choice of Marking Schemes**

Assessment sub-boards can choose between the 0-100% marking scale or the newly introduced step-marking scheme for each assessment but are encouraged to use the step-marking scheme for all assessments where markers use their academic judgment.

#### 0-100% Marking Scheme

Numerical marking is necessary for certain types of quantitative assessment (MCQs, yes/no questions, etc.) and remains on the full 0-100% scale, as in the past. It may also be used where a reduced scale of stepped marks is not appropriate, such as assessments with a small number of marks for each question.

PRE-UNDERGRADUATE					
<b>A+</b> 80-100%					
Α	70-79%				
В	60-69%				
С	50-59%				
D	40-49%				
Fail	0-39%				

UNDERGRADUATE				
First - Excellent First	90-100%			
First - High First	80-89%			
First - First	70-79%			
Upper Second - 2.1	60-69%			
Lower Second - 2.2	50-59%			
Third	40-49%			
Fail - Marginal Fail	33-39%			
Fail	20-32%			
Fail	0-19%			

POSTGRADUATE					
Distinction ≥ 70					
Merit	60-69				
Pass	50-59				
Fail	40-49				
Fail	0-39				

## The Step-Marking Scheme

The step-marking scheme is recommended for work based on a wholistic application of the marking criteria where assessment uses criteria or rubrics to make judgements that result in a single overall mark for the piece, for example essay-based assessments, presentations, projects, oral exams, etc. There is no requirement to use step-marking when marks are assigned automatically (e.g., by computer software), or via a structured mark scheme with clear specification of how individual marks are awarded (e.g., SAQs, technical work) for multiple components and are aggregated mathematically.

#### **Advantages:**

As it can be difficult to mark to one percent accuracy in qualitative methods of assessment, a move
to a banded grading can improve the alignment between assessment rubrics and assessment grades,
resulting in a more consistent marking approach and clearer feedback for students. Student feedback

suggests that students question the difference between narrow percentage marks for assessment containing an element of subjective marking, and they frequently comment on their perception of inconsistencies between markers. The second marking process, too, should benefit from a less granular scale.

- Step-marking avoids borderline marks (e.g. 49; 59; 69) as marks are clearly at the top end of one band (e.g. 68) or at the lower end of another (e.g. 72).
- Components of module assessment that carry a low weight or sub-components of an assignment, may use a sub-set of the steps, such as using only the mid-points of each band, for example, using only one numeric mark within each set of marks assigned to an identified letter grade (e.g., FF = 0, F = 21, F+ = 35, D = 45, C = 55 etc). The specific subset of numeric marks would be common to all markers for that assignment. This practice avoids applying an unnecessary degree of precision to low-stakes assessment components.
- The step-marking scheme does not necessitate regulatory changes nor changes to the module approval process via OPAMA but will need a careful introduction combined with training for markers. King's Academy offers workshops and guidance on marking training that can be tailored to program or module teams on a bespoke basis. Local marking criteria may need to be aligned to the new scheme.

## **Implementation**

- The Assessment Sub-Board decides which assessments will be marked on the stepped marking scheme. If a module mark is made up of several assessment components, a combination of both schemes (reduced steps and 100% numerical) is possible.
- If an assessment is marked using the stepped scheme, the corresponding numerical mark will be used in calculating the final percentage mark for the module.
- The final module mark will be made up of all assessment components according to their weighting.
   The module mark will be the mathematical average and does not need to be one of the fixed percentage points on the step-marking scale.
- Course units which are subject to Professional Statutory and Regulatory Bodies (PSRB) requirements should be marked in line with those requirements.

## How to mark an assignment with a stepped marking scheme

- The student's work is marked against published assessment criteria by using the grade descriptors.
   The descriptors describe key features and general characteristics of assessed work associated with each grade.
- Markers decide first on the grade (class), for example 2.1.
- By considering the grade descriptors the assessment is then assigned to a band inside the grade, i.e. lower, middle, or higher range.
- The step maps onto a numerical mark, for example a 'high 2.1' = 68%. This mark is recorded on the system.
- If the module is assessed by one component, the fixed percentage point becomes the overall course
  unit mark. If the module is assessed by more than one component, the fixed percentage points for
  each component is averaged to produce the overall module mark.

PRE-UG STEP-MARKING SCHEME					
Credit Level 3		Mark Allocated			
	A+	100			
		95			
		92			
Α		88			
	А	85			
		82			
		78			
		75			
		72			
	B+	68			
В		65			
	В	62			
С	C+	58			
		55			
	С	52			
	D	48			
D		45			
		42			
	F+	35			
		28			
FAIL	F	21			
		14			
		7			
	FF	0			

UG STEP-MARKING SCHEME					
Credit Level 4	Mark Allocated				
	Excellent First	100			
		95			
		92			
	High First	88			
First		85			
		82			
	First	78			
		75			
		72			
	High 2.1	68			
	Mid-range 2.1	65			
Second	Low range 2.1	62			
Jecona	High 2.2	58			
	Mid-range 2.2	55			
	Low range 2.2	52			
	High Third	48			
Third	Mid-range Third	45			
	Low range Third	42			
	Marginal Fail	35			
	Mid Fail	28			
	Low Fail	21			
Fail	Fail	14			
	Fail	7			
	Non-submission or of no discernible merit.	0			

PG STEP-MARKING SCHEME				
Credit Level 7	Mark Allocated			
	100			
	95			
	92			
	88			
Distinction	85			
	82			
	78			
	75			
	72			
	68			
Merit	65			
	62			
	58			
Pass	55			
	52			
	48			
	45			
	42			
	35			
	28			
Fail	21			
	14			
	7			
	0			

# 5. The College Marking Criteria

## Guidelines for usage

This guidance is for academic staff using the generic criteria to design rubrics for their assessments and not intended to go to students.

Marking criteria are designed to help students know what is expected of them. The generic college marking criteria set out below represent the overarching principles of attainment covering levels 3-7 of study and provide guidance on the overall standards expected at different grade bands. Level 3 reflects the SEEC Descriptors, whilst levels 4-7 reflect the QAA <a href="FHEQ">FHEQ</a> (Framework for Higher Education Qualifications) and <a href="SEEC">SEEC</a> descriptors but need to be benchmarked against subject specific criteria at programme level. Where the generic criteria are deemed to be sufficient, they can be used directly for assessing students' learning. However, assessment-specific criteria is recommended in order to ensure that marking decisions are consistent, fair, and transparent to both staff and students. The College Marking Criteria must be approved by ASSC on an annual basis as per current practice.

## Specific Marking Criteria

Faculties are encouraged to establish appropriately specific and detailed marking criteria which are congruent with the generic criteria and the level of study. **Specific marking criteria must be approved by the faculty on an annual basis.** 

## **Setting Marking Criteria**

Well-written marking criteria ensure that marking is reliable and transparent. They communicate expectations to students, provide detailed feedback and encourage critical thinking and self-evaluation. When setting specific marking criteria, it helps to start from the students' perspective: Marking criteria should allow students to see clearly how their work will be judged against a set of agreed learning outcomes. This will support students to plan their assessment and take control of their learning. Meaningful marking criteria also act as a frame for the feedback given to students and help students to understand how they achieved their mark. Markers should be encouraged to use the text in the rubric to justify a mark, which may also make marking more efficient while supporting consistent grades between all markers. Marking criteria may need to take into account the frame of the assessment, for example whether it is an open book assessment, online assessment, group work, etc., and the time allowed for submission.

## Assessment-Specific Marking Criteria

It is recommended that the College criteria be **adapted to individual assessments.** Because all assessments need to be aligned with module learning outcomes, it is best to design both the assessment and the rubric based on what is being specifically assessed in the module. The sub-criteria within each of the main four are not exhaustive but are intended to cover a wider range of disciplinary skills, knowledge, and attributes than the previous College criteria; therefore, they are applicable to a wider range of non-traditional emerging assessments such as reflection and multi-media. It is not expected that all assessments will use the full range. Similarly, for some forms of assessment, such as short answer questions or MCQ, where there is a detailed mark-scheme, the criteria have to be applied to the setting of the assessment, not the student responses. **Assessment-specific marking criteria should be adapted from the generic College criteria and must be approved by the faculty on an annual basis.** 

#### Using the Criteria to design assessment rubrics

There is inevitable difference between disciplines, and although the College criteria is designed to take this into account, the specific standards may be better understood by students, and more consistency amongst marking teams ensured, if criteria are devised based on the assessment. Examples will be designed by

King's Academy for different assessment modes in the upcoming Curriculum Design Toolkit (launched 2022).

The new College criteria can, therefore, be primarily used as a guide for staff to design their own assessment rubrics in terms of knowledge, skills, and attributes, as well as the type of language that is used in criteria descriptors at different levels and bands.

## Marking with Rubrics

Although the new College criteria are designed to be more specific over a wider range of specified disciplinary skills and knowledge, there is inevitable subjectivity in marking of this nature, and a rubric cannot claim to ensure 'objective' marking. Therefore, it is recommended that marking teams use calibration/standardisation sessions prior to marking at any point during the course in order to achieve more consistency in marking. The community discussion of standards can help to eliminate bias or subjectivity in judgment, and research has also shown that such discussions can aid harmonisation and shared understanding of standards between markers in disciplines over time. King's Academy's guidance on running calibration sessions can be referred to here.

Markers should be encouraged to use the text in the rubric to justify a mark. However, it is not always the case that a student's performance neatly fits into one grade for all criteria. Work attracting a merit can be considered "very good" but typically will not meet the full expectations of the examiners in all key attributes associated with the assessment or will have a significant deficit in only one area. When designing assessment, some modules may choose to use weighted criteria based on learning outcomes or importance of the achieved skill; for example, communication may be judged at 20% of the grade, with knowledge and understanding at 50%. This should be made clear to students and marking teams where used. Markers will work out the overall grade that should be assigned given the levels selected for each element of the student work.

It will be necessary for some more objectively marked assessments to use a grade scale of 0-100 or marking proof rather than a criterion-referenced assessment, and it is not recommended or expected that this should change. However, benchmarking to the College criteria generic skills and/or to <a href="subject benchmark"><u>subject benchmark</u></a> <a href="statements"><u>statements</u></a> may help when designing assessments/exam questions and translating these to students in feedback.

#### The difference between levels 3-7

The level 4-7 criteria are based on FHEQ (Framework for Higher Education Qualifications) and SEEC descriptors. It is also recommended to look at the subject benchmark statements for your discipline at levels 4-7 when designing your own rubrics. At levels 4-6, the operational context at which students are working will be the basis for grades above a pass. A student should still be able to achieve a 1<sup>st</sup> even if they are working within that context. For example, a student at level 4 should not be expected to go beyond "specified range of techniques and information sources" to achieve a 1<sup>st</sup>. This is taken into account in the sub-criteria. Grades above 80 should be reserved for students who show exceptional work above the operational context expected for that level. This is to ensure that the full range of grades can be used and that a grade above 70 should not only be reserved for 'publishable standard' work.

Level 3 criteria are pre-undergraduate degree, are based on the SEEC Descriptors and are comparable to A Levels and International Baccalaureate. Whilst level 3 students are preparing for study at level 4, attention needs to be given to checking that they are not being assessed at Level 4 and that there is a clear differential between assessment at levels 3 and 4.

## **Student Engagement with Marking Criteria**

Students should be actively encouraged to engage with the marking criteria for an assessment as early as possible in the academic year, for example by applying it to formative assessment and engaging the student in the process. If possible and as part of the principles of the education strategy, students should play a role in setting marking criteria. Research has shown that students better understand marking criteria when they are active participants in the creative process to achieve a sense of ownership.

# The College Generic Marking Criteria PRE-UNDERGRADUATE - Level 3

Pre-UG Credit Level 3		Subject Knowledge and Understanding Demonstrates an understanding of defined areas of the knowledge base relevant to this level of study including:  • an awareness of current areas of debate in the field of study  • Relating principles and concepts to underlying theoretical frameworks and approaches  • informed by broad reading around a topic  • Analyses a range of information using pre-defined principles, frameworks or criteria	Intellectual Skills  Demonstrates conceptualization, and analytical thinking including  • Carries out defined investigative strategies and communicates results effectively in a given format  • Collects information to inform a choice of solutions to standard problems in familiar contexts  • Evaluation of ideas and construction of an argument  • Analysis of digital and non-digital literature	Practical Skills including Digital Capabilities  Employs a range of skills, including:  Discipline-specific skills  Description and interpretation of data  Undertakes a given and clearly defined role  Undertakes given performance tasks that may be complex  Contributes to teamwork and adapts own behaviour to meet obligations to others  Operates in predictable and defined contexts that require the use of given techniques and information sources  digital literacies that enable students to engage with commonly used platforms  effective communication in a range of multi-media formats (including structure, accuracy of grammar and awareness of audience/genre within discipline-specific outputs	Professional Competencies  Employs a range of enabling skills and competencies, including:  Assessing own capabilities against given criteria.  Engaging in guided development activity.  Interpersonal and communication skills to clarify tasks and communicate outcomes in narrowly defined contexts  Acting under direction or supervision, within defined guidelines.  Taking responsibility for initiating and completing tasks and procedures.  Having an awareness of the ethical issues in the main areas of study  ability to relate ethically to peers in academic contexts
A+	100	An outstanding answer	Outstanding analysis displaying	Outstanding evidence of discipline-specific specialist skills.	Extremely effective communication skills appropriate
80-	95	demonstrating a detailed	independent thought, strong, well	Excellent presentation and evaluation of qualitative and	to the level of study, task, audience and discipline.
100	85	understanding of the issues and methodologies, concepts, theories	organised argument and highly competent application of evidence and theory to solve	quantitative data. Exceptional team working. Proficient use of relevant computational tools and technologies.	Excellent demonstration of managing own learning and initiative, learning ability, qualities or skills
		and/or data; awareness of the	problems. Knowledge of key theories,	Exceptional digital literacy skills.	necessary for future study.
		uncertainty of knowledge. Excellent	concepts, terminology, and facts relevant		
qualitative and qu		presentation and evaluation of qualitative and quantitative data.	to the task".		
Α	78	Excellent knowledge and	Excellent analysis displaying independent	Excellent evidence of discipline-specific specialist skills.	Highly effective communication skills appropriate to
70-79	75	understanding of the issues and methodologies, concepts, theories	thought and strong and well organised argument, competent application of	Very good presentation of qualitative and quantitative data.  Effective team working. Very good use of relevant	the level of study, task, audience and discipline.  Extremely good demonstration of managing own
	72	and/or data and its interrelationship	evidence and theory to solve problems	Encoure team working. Very good use of felevalit	Externely good demonstration of managing own
		with other subjects. Very good	,		

		presentation of qualitative and quantitative data.		computational tools and technologies. Very good digital literacy skills.	learning and initiative, learning ability, qualities or skills necessary for future study
B 60-69	68 65 62	Good knowledge and understanding of the issues and methodologies, concepts, theories and/or data.  Some understanding of limits of knowledge.	Good analysis and well organised argument, very well supported by evidence. Evidence applied well to provide solution to problems.	Good evidence of discipline-specific specialist skills. Good presentation and evaluation of qualitative and quantitative data. Good contribution to teamwork. Good use of relevant computational tools and technologies. Good digital literacy skills.	Very effective communication skills appropriate to the level of study, task, audience and discipline. Good demonstration of managing own learning and initiative, learning ability, qualities or skills necessary for future study.
C 50-59	understanding of the issues and		Sound analysis and argument, well supported by evidence. Good application of evidence and theory to solve problem.	Sound evidence of discipline-specific skills. Adequate presentation and evaluation of qualitative and quantitative data. Works effectively with others. Effective use of relevant computational tools and technologies. Generally sound digital literacy skills.	Effective communication skills appropriate to the level of study, task, audience and discipline. Some demonstration of learning ability necessary for future study.
D 40-49	49 45 understanding of the key issues accura raised by the question but some may be applicated application.		Arguments and analysis adequate, accurate and supported by evidence, but may be superficial or limited. Some application of evidence and theory to solve problem	Basic evidence of discipline-specific specialist skills.  Limited presentation and evaluation of qualitative and quantitative data, with some errors. Mostly working effectively with others. Mostly effective use of relevant computational tools and technologies. Basic digital literacy skills.	Adequate communication skills appropriate to the level of study, task, audience and discipline but with evident weaknesses. Adequate demonstration of learning ability necessary for future study
F+ 30-39	35	Unsatisfactory, but shows a limited grasp of understanding in the subject. Limited awareness of limits of knowledge.	Argument and analysis may be illogical, irrelevant, or contradictory in places and/or unsupported by evidence. Limited application of evidence and theory to solve problem.	Limited evidence of discipline-specific specialist skills.  Limited ability to present, evaluate and interpret qualitative and quantitative data Not always working effectively with others. Issues with use of relevant computational tools and software packages. Limited demonstration of digital literacy skills.	Unsatisfactory communication skills appropriate to this level of study. Poor level of learning ability necessary for future study.
F 1-29	28 An attempt to answer the question, but without any significant grasp of material or appropriate skills. Minimal 7  Brief, irrelevant or deficient argument and analysis; unsubstantiated generalisations. Little or no attempt to draw conclusions.		Little evidence of discipline-specific specialist skills.  Processing and interpretation of data seriously flawed. Not working effectively with others. Inability to use relevant	Some evidence of communication skills appropriate to this level of study. Limited or no evidence of managing own learning. Limited or no evidence of the communication skills appropriate to this level of	

		application of knowledge, or use of information.  Little or no attempt to apply theory to solve problem.		computational tools and software packages. Little or no demonstration of digital literacy skills.	study. Limited or no evidence of managing own learning.
		No answer or an answer which is totally irrelevant or fundamentally wrong. Minimal or no evidence of learning.	Absence of analysis and argument. No evidence of application of knowledge to solve problem. Or no answer offered		
FF	0	Non-submission or of no discernible merit.	Non-submission or of no discernible merit.	Non-submission or of no discernible merit.	Non-submission or of no discernible merit.

# The College Generic Marking Criteria UNDERGRADUATE - Level 4

UG Credit Level 4			Subject Knowledge and Understanding Demonstrates broad understanding of key aspects of the topic relevant to this level of study, including:  • knowledge of key theories, concepts, terminology, and facts relevant to the task • informed by broad reading around a topic showing a rigorous approach to study • emerging critical understanding of theories within the discipline.	Intellectual Skills  Demonstrates conceptualization, critical thinking and scholarly practice, including  • critical evaluation of ideas and construction of an argument  • identification of research foci and application of strategies/methods to solve defined problems  • evaluation and synthesis of digital and non-digital literature to inform responses within familiar contexts  • analysis of data/theories using pre-defined techniques/ criteria.	Practical Skills including Digital Capabilities  Employs a range of specialized skills, including:  • discipline-specific specialist skills • processing and interpretation of data • contribution to teamwork, group organisation and emerging leadership • use of discipline-specific computational tools and technologies • other digital literacies including usage of media tools, creation, collaboration and wellbeing.	Generic/Transferable Skills including Professional Competencies  Employs a range of enabling skills and competencies, including:  • effective communication in a range of multi-media formats (including structure, accuracy of grammar and awareness of audience/genre within discipline-specific outputs)  • awareness of strengths and weaknesses and ability to use guidance/feedback to develop strategies for learning, with emerging autonomy  • ethical awareness in relation to self, others, and academic/work community
	A+	100	Highly detailed knowledge and	Takes an insightful critical approach with	Highly proficient application of discipline-	Excellent communication of information and
	High First	95	comprehensive understanding of the key concepts, terminology and theories	convincing, well-synthesised arguments throughout. A well-defined focus of research	specific specialist skills. Processing and interpretation of data efficiently and	ideas in a given medium/genre. Excellent awareness of audience and an appropriate style
	80-100	92	which form the knowledge base of the	enquiry and excellent application of	effectively. Exceptional team working,	maintained throughout. Excellent demonstration
First		88	subject. Informed by wider reading and	strategies to address a defined problem,	including enabling of others. Proficient	of insight and autonomy in evaluating own
			showing an emerging critical	which may show some originality. Extensive	use of relevant computational tools and	strengths and weaknesses in relation to
		85	appreciation of theories and	range of sources evaluated, referenced, and	technologies. Exceptional digital literacy	professional, digital and practical skills. Excellent
82		82	knowledge that are open to	applied within defined parameters,	skills	appreciation of and ability to act on feedback to
			interpretation.	appropriate to the task and of excellent		develop highly effective strategies for learning.
				quality. Excellent application and		Highly developed ethical awareness.
				interpretation of analysis of data/theories,		

				showing emerging critical judgment and some originality/creativity.		
	А	78	Detailed knowledge and understanding	Takes a critical approach with convincing,	Very good application of discipline-	Very good communication of information and
	First	75	of the relevant concepts and theories.  Thorough understanding of key facts	well-synthesised arguments. A well-defined focus of research enquiry and very good	specific specialist skills. Processing and interpretation of a range of data	ideas in a given medium/genre. Very good awareness of audience and an appropriate style
	70-79	72	and use of terminology. Informed by reading and showing emerging critical awareness of the limits of knowledge and contested theories.	application of relevant strategies to address a defined problem. Comprehensive range of relevant literature evaluated, referenced, and applied within defined parameters, appropriately to the assignment and of very good quality. Very good application and interpretation of analysis of data/theories, and an emerging critical judgment.	efficiently and effectively. Effective team working, showing leadership skills where appropriate. Very good use of relevant computational tools and technologies. Very good digital literacy skills.	maintained throughout. Very good demonstration of insight and autonomy in evaluating own strengths and weaknesses in relation to professional, digital and practical skills. Very good ability to apply feedback and develop highly effective strategies for learning Well developed ethical awareness.
	В	68	Good knowledge and understanding of	Takes a critical approach, with coherent and	Good application of discipline-specific	Good communication of information and ideas in
	2.1	65	key theories and main relevant concepts. Generally accurate, but	well-structured arguments with only minor errors in synthesis. A defined focus of	specialist skills. Processing and interpretation of data effectively with only	a given medium/genre. Appropriate style for the intended audience. Good demonstration of
Second	60-69	62	possibly incomplete description or application of facts/some misuse of terminology. Answers informed by reading showing clarity of thought.	research enquiry and good application of relevant strategies to address a defined problem. Good range of relevant literature evaluated and applied within defined parameters. There may be a few relatively minor errors in referencing. Proficient analysis of data/ theories with only minor flaws in application/interpretation.	minor flaws. Good contribution to team working. Good use of relevant computational tools and technologies. Good digital literacy skills.	insight and able to evaluate own strengths and weaknesses in relation to professional, digital and practical skills. Good ability to apply feedback to develop effective strategies for learning or improve tasks. Developing ethical awareness.
	С	58	Knowledge and understanding of key	Some critical analysis and a clear structure	Sufficient application of discipline-	Mostly appropriate communication of information
	2.2	55	theories, relevant concepts and terminology demonstrated, but may be	but often descriptive with limited analysis or evaluation. Arguments may lack coherence	specific specialist skills. Mostly effective processing and interpretation of data.	and ideas in a given medium/genre. Mostly appropriate style and awareness of audience.
	50-59	52	incomplete/show some	in places due to poor synthesis. Research	Can work effectively with others.	Demonstration of insight and/or ability to evaluate
			misunderstandings. Generally	enquiry has a basic focus and application of	Effective use of relevant computational	own strengths and weaknesses in relation to

			accurate, but incomplete description or application of relevant facts/some misuse of terminology. Answers informed by reading, showing a generalised understanding.	relevant strategies to address a defined problem. Mostly appropriate range of relevant literature within defined parameters. There may be some errors in referencing. Analysis of data/theories but they may be flaws in application/ interpretation.	tools and technologies. Generally good digital literacy skills.	professional, digital and practical skills. Some ability to apply feedback to develop strategies for learning or improve tasks but may be generic. Some ethical awareness.
Third	D Third 40-49	48 45 42	General knowledge of theories and/or concepts demonstrated but may lack detail or be irrelevant to the task. Basic understanding of main facts and use of terminology evident but there may be frequent inaccuracies/omissions.  Answers generally informed by reading.	Some analysis given but may demonstrate flaws or points missing or be mainly descriptive. Research enquiry has a basic focus and some application of strategies but may be inaccuracies or irrelevancies. Mainly descriptive. Basic use of literature and/or limited material even within defined parameters. There may be frequent errors in referencing although an overall system is used. Some analysis of data/theories with some significant flaws in application/interpretation.	Basic application of discipline-specific specialist skills. Basic processing and interpretation of data with some flaws. Mostly working effectively with others. Mostly effective use of relevant computational tools and technologies. Basic digital literacy skills.	Communicates of information and ideas in a given medium/genre but with evident weaknesses. Style may be inappropriate in places. Some evidence of ability to evaluate own strengths and weaknesses in relation to professional, digital and practical skills identified by others. Some evidence of ability to apply feedback to develop generic strategies for learning or improve tasks. Some ethical awareness although there may be flaws.
Fail	F+ Marginal Fail 30-39	35	Some knowledge but limited understanding. Work contains inaccuracies/misunderstandings/omiss ions of key theories, concepts and facts. Limited use of reading to inform answers.	Mainly descriptive. Research enquiry lacks focus and application of strategies have inaccuracies or irrelevancies. Limited and/or inappropriate literature/material and/or poorly referenced. Largely unsystematic, incomplete and/or inaccurate analysis of data/theories.	Limited evidence of discipline-specific specialist skills. Processing and/or interpretation of data flawed. Not always working effectively with others. Issues with use of relevant computational tools and software packages. Limited demonstration of digital literacy skills.	Limited communication of information and ideas in a given medium/genre with evident weaknesses. Style not always appropriate. Limited evidence of ability to evaluate own strengths and weaknesses in relation to professional, digital and practical skills identified by others. Limited evidence of ability to apply feedback to develop effective strategies for learning. Flawed or minimal ethical awareness.
	F Fail 1-29	28 21 14	Major gaps in knowledge and understanding. Work is mainly inaccurate, and demonstrates misunderstandings of key theories,	Purely descriptive and shows a lack of understanding of the task. Research enquiry lacks focus and application of strategies are mainly inaccurate or irrelevant. Limited	Little evidence of discipline-specific specialist skills. Processing and interpretation of data seriously flawed. Not working effectively with others.	Significant weaknesses in communication of information and ideas in a given medium/genre.  Style inappropriate. Very limited evidence of insight into own strengths and weaknesses in

		7	concepts, and facts. Limited use of	and/or inappropriate literature, poorly	Inability to use of relevant computational	relation to professional, digital and practical skills.
			reading to inform answers.	referenced. Unsystematic, incomplete and/or	tools and software packages. Little or no	Little or no ability to apply feedback to develop
				inaccurate analysis of data/theories.	demonstration of digital literacy skills.	effective strategies for learning. No ethical
						awareness.
	FF	0	Non-submission or of no discernible	Non-submission or of no discernible merit.	Non-submission or of no discernible	Non-submission or of no discernible merit.
		U	14011 Submission of the discernible	Non Submission of the discerniste ment.	14011 Subtribusion of the discernible	Non Submission of the discerniste ment.
			merit.		merit.	

# The College Generic Marking Criteria UNDERGRADUATE - Level 5

High First 95			Subject Knowledge and Understanding Demonstrates detailed understanding of key aspects of the topic relevant to this level of study, including:  • detailed knowledge of key theories, concepts, terminology, and facts relevant to the task • informed by wide reading around a topic showing a rigorous approach to study • a growing critical understanding of theories within the discipline including where knowledge bases are more or less secure.	Intellectual Skills  Demonstrates abstract conceptualization, critical thinking and scholarly practice, including  • critical evaluation of ideas and construction of an argument recognising competing perspectives  • identification of research foci and application of strategies/methods to solve problems with varying complexity and predictability  • evaluation and synthesis of digital and non-digital literature to inform responses within a range of more and less familiar contexts  • analysis of data/theories and selecting appropriate techniques/ criteria.	Practical Skills including Digital Capabilities  Demonstrates command of a range of specialized skills, including:  • confident use of discipline-specific specialist skills • processing and interpretation of data to provide new information • contribution to teamwork, group organization, give and receive feedback and ability to modify behaviour • confident use of discipline-specific computational tools and technologies • other digital literacies including usage of media tools, creation, collaboration, and wellbeing.	Generic/Transferable Skills including Professional Competencies  Demonstrates command of a range of enabling skills and competencies, including:  • effective communication in a range of multi-media formats (including structure, accuracy of grammar and awareness of audience/genre within discipline-specific outputs)  • uses and sets criteria to evaluate strengths and weaknesses of self and others, and ability to use guidance/feedback to develop strategies for learning  • ethical responsibility in relation to self, others, and academic/work community
	A+	100	Highly detailed knowledge and	Takes an insightful critical approach with	Highly proficient application of discipline-	Excellent communication of information and
	High First	95	comprehensive understanding of the key	convincing, well-synthesised arguments	specific specialist skills. Processing and	ideas in a given medium/genre. Excellent
First			concepts, terminology and theories	throughout. A well-defined focus of research	interpretation of data efficiently and	awareness of audience and an appropriate style
	80-100	92	which form the knowledge base of the	enquiry and discerning selection and	effectively. Exceptional team working,	maintained throughout. Excellent demonstration
		88	subject. Fully informed by wide reading	application of strategies to address	including enabling of others and	of insight and autonomy in evaluating own
			and showing appreciation of competing	predictable and more complex problems	responsibility taken for outcomes.	strengths, weaknesses, and impact in relation to
		85	theories, principles and concepts.	showing originality. Extensive range of	Proficient use of relevant computational	professional, digital and practical skills. Excellent
				sources evaluated, referenced and applied		demonstration of ability to act on and give

		82		within a range of familiar and less familiar contexts, appropriate to the task and of excellent quality. Excellent application and discrimination between relevance of data/theories, showing critical judgment and originality/creativity.	tools and technologies. Exceptional digital literacy skills	feedback based on external standards and achieve desired outcomes using own success criteria. Highly developed sense of ethical responsibility in relation to professional and personal codes of conduct.
	A First 70-79	78 75 72	Detailed knowledge and understanding of the relevant concepts and theories. Thorough understanding of key facts and use of terminology. Fully informed by wide reading and showing awareness of contested theories principles and concepts.	Takes a critical approach with convincing, well-synthesised arguments. A well-defined focus of research enquiry and discerning selection and application of strategies to address predictable and more complex problems, showing some originality.  Comprehensive range of relevant literature evaluated, referenced and applied within a range of familiar and less familiar contexts appropriately to the task and of very good quality. Very good application and discrimination between relevance of data/theories, showing critical judgment and some originality/creativity.	Very good application of discipline-specific specialist skills. Processing and interpretation of a range of data efficiently and effectively. Effective team working, showing leadership skills and responsibility where appropriate. Very good use of relevant computational tools and technologies. Very good digital literacy skills.	Very good communication of information and ideas in a given medium/genre. Very good awareness of audience and an appropriate style maintained throughout. Very good demonstration of insight and autonomy in evaluating own strengths, weaknesses, and impact in relation to professional, digital and practical skills. Very good demonstration of ability to act on and give feedback based on external standards and achieve desired outcomes using own success criteria. Well- developed sense of ethical responsibility in relation to professional and personal codes of conduct.
	В	68	Good knowledge and understanding of	Takes a critical approach, with coherent and	Good application of discipline-specific	Good communication of information and ideas in
	2.1	65	key theories and main relevant concepts.  Generally accurate, but possibly	well-structured arguments with only minor errors in synthesis. A defined focus of	specialist skills. Processing and interpretation of data effectively with only	a given medium/genre. Appropriate style for the intended audience. Good demonstration of
Second	60-69	62	incomplete description or application of facts/some misuse of terminology.  Answers informed by wide reading showing clarity of thought and recognizing competing perspectives.	research enquiry, appropriate selection and application of relevant strategies to address predictable and more complex problems.  Good range of relevant literature evaluated and applied within familiar contexts and some less familiar. There may be a few relatively minor errors in referencing.  Proficient analysis of data/ theories with only minor flaws in application/interpretation.	minor flaws. Good contribution to team working. Good use of relevant computational tools and technologies. Good digital literacy skills.	insight and able to evaluate own strengths, weaknesses, and impact in relation to professional, digital and practical skills. Good evidence of ability to act on and give feedback to achieve desired outcomes in reference to external standards. Good sense of ethical responsibility in relation to professional and personal codes of conduct.

				Some ability to distinguish between the relevance of data/theories.		
	С	58	Knowledge and understanding of key	Some critical analysis and a clear structure	Sufficient application of discipline-	Mostly appropriate communication of information
	2.2	55	theories, relevant concepts and	but often descriptive with limited analysis or	specific specialist skills. Mostly effective	and ideas in a given medium/genre. Mostly
	<b>50.50</b>		terminology demonstrated, but may be	evaluation. Arguments may lack coherence	processing and interpretation of data.	appropriate style and awareness of audience.
	50-59	52	incomplete/show some	in places due to poor synthesis. Research	Can work effectively with others but may	Demonstration of insight and/or ability to evaluate
			misunderstandings. Generally accurate,	enquiry has a basic focus and mostly	not be able to resolve conflict or modify	own strengths and weaknesses in relation to
			but incomplete description or application of relevant facts/some misuse of	appropriate strategies are selected and applied but these may be better in	behaviour in response to group. Effective use of relevant computational tools and	professional, digital and practical skills. Evidence of ability to give and apply feedback to improve
			terminology. Answers informed by	predicable than more complex problems.	technologies. Generally good digital	tasks/develop learning strategies, but reliant on
			reading, showing a generalised	Mostly appropriate range of relevant	literacy skills with weakness in some	expectations set by others. Adheres to
			understanding of key theories but a lack	literature applied in familiar contexts. There	areas.	professional and personal codes of conduct.
			of awareness of different perspectives.	may be some errors in referencing.		
				Strategies selected might not always be		
				appropriate. Analysis of data/theories but		
				they may be flaws in		
				application/interpretation.		
	D	48	General knowledge of theories and/or	Some analysis given but may demonstrate	Basic application of discipline-specific	Communicates of information and ideas in a
	Third	45	concepts demonstrated but may lack	flaws or points missing or be mainly	specialist skills. Basic processing and	given medium/genre but with evident
	mu	40	detail or be irrelevant to the task. Basic	descriptive. Research enquiry has a basic	interpretation of data with some flaws.	weaknesses. Style may be inappropriate in
	40-49	42	understanding of main facts and use of	focus and some evidence of selection and	Mostly working effectively with others but	places. Some evidence of ability to evaluate own
Third			terminology evident but there may be	application of strategies but there may be	generally not able to resolve conflict or	strengths and weaknesses in relation to
			frequent inaccuracies/omissions.	more inaccuracies or irrelevancies with	modify behaviour in response to group.	professional, digital and practical skills identified
			Answers generally informed by reading.	complex problems. Mainly descriptive.	Mostly effective use of relevant	by others. Some evidence of ability to give and
			Does not go beyond core	Basic use of specified literature and/or	computational tools and technologies.	apply feedback to improve tasks/learning
			knowledge/ideas.	limited material in unfamiliar contexts. There	Sufficient digital literacy skills.	strategies but only when set by others. Adheres
				may be frequent errors in referencing		to professional and personal codes of conduct
				although an overall system is used.		although there may be flaws/mistakes made.
				Strategies selected not always appropriate.		

Fail	F+ Marginal Fail 30-39  F Fail	28 21	Some knowledge but limited understanding. Work contains inaccuracies/misunderstandings/omissio ns of key theories, concepts and facts. Limited use of reading to inform answers.  Major gaps in knowledge and understanding. Work is mainly	Some analysis of data/theories with some significant flaws in application/interpretation.  Mainly descriptive. Research enquiry lacks focus, and selection and application of strategies have inaccuracies or irrelevancies in both complex and predictable problems.  Limited and/or inappropriate literature/material and/or poorly referenced. Strategies selected are mainly inappropriate. Largely unsystematic, incomplete and/or inaccurate analysis of data/theories.  Purely descriptive and shows a lack of understanding of the task. Research	Limited evidence of discipline-specific specialist skills. Processing and/or interpretation of data flawed. Not always working effectively with others. Issues with use of relevant computational tools and software packages. Limited demonstration of digital literacy skills.  Little evidence of discipline-specific specialist skills. Processing and	Limited communication of information and ideas in a given medium/genre with evident weaknesses. Style not always appropriate. Limited evidence of ability to evaluate own strengths and weaknesses in relation to professional, digital and practical skills identified by others. Limited evidence of ability to give or apply feedback to improve tasks or develop learning strategies. Does not adhere to personal of professional codes of conduct.  Significant weaknesses in communication of information and ideas in a given medium/genre.
	1-29	14 7	inaccurate, and demonstrates misunderstandings of key theories, concepts and facts. Limited use of reading to inform answers.	enquiry lacks focus and selection, and application of strategies are inaccurate or irrelevant in both predictable and complex problems. Limited and/or inappropriate literature, poorly referenced. Unsystematic, incomplete and/or inaccurate analysis of data/theories.	interpretation of data seriously flawed.  Not working effectively with others. Little or no evidence of ability to use of relevant computational tools and software packages. Little or no demonstration of digital literacy skills.	Style inappropriate. Very limited evidence of insight into own strengths and weaknesses in relation to professional, digital and practical skills. Little or no evidence of ability to give or apply feedback to develop effective strategies for own learning or that of others. Serious flaws in personal or professional codes of conduct.
	FF	0	Non-submission or of no discernible merit.	Non-submission or of no discernible merit.	Non-submission or of no discernible merit.	Non-submission or of no discernible merit.

# The College Generic Marking Criteria UNDERGRADUATE - Level 6

C	UG Credit Level 6		Subject Knowledge and Understanding Demonstrates systematic understanding of key aspects of the topic relevant to this level of study, including:  • systematic knowledge of key theories, concepts, terminology, and facts relevant to the task • shows areas of some specialist knowledge in depth • informed by specialist reading around a topic showing a rigorous approach to study • a critical understanding of theories within the discipline including appreciation of interrelationship with other fields of study	Intellectual Skills  Demonstrates abstract conceptualization, critical thinking, and scholarly practice, including  • critical evaluation of ideas and construction of an abstract argument synthesizing competing perspectives  • independent identification of research foci and application of strategies/methods to solve complex problems  • evaluation and synthesis of digital and non-digital literature to inform responses within unfamiliar situations  • analysis of new data/theories, selecting appropriate techniques/ criteria and evaluating outcomes/results.	Practical Skills including Digital Capabilities  Demonstrates command of a range of specialized skills across contexts, including:  • confident application of discipline-specific specialist skills in flexible contexts  • processing and interpretation of data to generate new information  • contribution to teamwork, group organization, give and receive feedback and ability to modify behaviours, resolve conflicts and influence others  • confident use of discipline- specific computational tools and technologies in flexible contexts  • confident application and critical appreciation of other digital literacies including usage of media tools, creation,	Generic/Transferable Skills including Professional Competencies  Demonstrates command of a range of enabling skills and competencies, including:  • effective communication in a range of multi-media formats (including structure, accuracy of grammar and awareness of audience/genre within discipline-specific outputs)  • chooses appropriate formats/genres/medium of presentation appropriate to the task where permitted  • sets own performance criteria to evaluate self and others, and demonstrates accountability for own performance through reflective techniques and plans to act on feedback  • ethical accountability in relation to self, others, and academic/work community
		T			collaboration, and wellbeing.	
	A+	100	Highly detailed knowledge and systematic understanding of the key	Takes an insightful critical approach with convincing, well-synthesised abstract	Highly proficient and flexible application of discipline-specific specialist skills.	Excellent communication of information and ideas in a chosen/given medium/genre. Excellent
<b>-</b>	High First	95	concepts, terminology and theories	arguments throughout. An independent	Processing and interpretation of data	awareness of audience and an appropriate style
First	80-100	92	which form the knowledge base of the	well-defined focus of research enquiry, and	efficiently to generate new information.	maintained throughout. Excellent demonstration
		88	subject and/or one specialist area,	discerning selection and application of	Exceptional team working, including	of insight and autonomy in evaluating own
			dependent on the task. Fully informed by	strategies to address complex problems,	enabling of others and responsibility taken	strengths, weaknesses, and impact in relation to
		85	specialist and/or new reading and showing critical appreciation of	showing originality. Extensive range of sources evaluated, referenced and applied	for outcomes. Proficient use of relevant computational tools and technologies	professional, digital and practical skills. Excellent provision of feedback to others based on

	A First 70-79	78 75 72	competing theories, principles and concepts. Shows insight in recognition of the interrelationship between fields of study.  Detailed knowledge and systematic understanding of the relevant concepts and theories which form the knowledge base of the subject and/or one specialist area, dependent on the task. Thorough understanding of key facts and use of terminology. Fully informed by specialist and/or new reading and showing awareness of contested theories principles and concepts. Shows some insight in recognition of the interrelationship between fields of study.	to unfamiliar situations with flexibility, appropriate to the task and of excellent quality. Excellent discrimination between relevance of data/theories, analysis of new theory/data, showing critical judgment and originality/creativity.  Takes a critical approach with convincing, well-synthesised abstract arguments. A well-defined focus of independent research enquiry and discerning selection and application of strategies to address complex problems, showing some originality.  Comprehensive range of relevant literature evaluated, referenced and applied to unfamiliar situations with some flexibility, appropriate to the task and of very good quality. Very good application and discrimination between relevance of data/theories, analysis of new data/ theories, showing critical judgment and some originality/creativity.	across a range of contexts. Exceptional digital literacy skills with critical appreciation and application.  Very good application of discipline-specific specialist skills showing flexibility.  Processing and interpretation of a range of data efficiently generate new information.  Effective team working, showing leadership skills and responsibility where appropriate.  Very good use of relevant computational tools and technologies across a range of contexts. Very good digital literacy skills with critical appreciation and application.	external standards, and applies critical and technical reflection to set goals and plans for enhancement of performance/learning. Highly developed ethical accountability in relation to professional and personal codes of conduct.  Very good communication of information and ideas in a chosen/given medium/genre. Very good awareness of audience and an appropriate style maintained throughout. Very good demonstration of insight and autonomy in evaluating own strengths, weaknesses, and impact in relation to professional, digital and practical skills. Very good provision of feedback to others based on external standards, and applies critical and technical reflection to set goals and plans for enhancement of performance/learning. Well- developed sense of ethical accountability in relation to professional and personal codes of conduct.
	В	68	Good knowledge and systematic	Takes a critical approach, with coherent and	Good application of discipline-specific	Good communication of information and ideas in
	2.1	65	understanding of key theories and main relevant concepts which form the	well-structured abstract arguments with only minor errors in synthesis. A defined focus of	specialist skills with some flexibility.  Processing and interpretation of data	a chosen/given medium/genre. Appropriate style for the intended audience. Good demonstration
	60-69	62	knowledge base of the subject. Some	largely independent research enquiry,	effectively generate new information with	of insight and able to evaluate own strengths,
Second			good knowledge and understanding of	appropriate selection and application of	only minor flaws. Good contribution to team	weaknesses, and impact in relation to
			specialist areas but may lack	relevant strategies to address complex	working. Good use of relevant	professional, digital and practical skills. Good
			consistency. Generally accurate, but	problems. Good range of relevant literature	computational tools and technologies	feedback to others based on external standards,
			possibly incomplete description or	evaluated and applied within unfamiliar	across a range of contexts. Good digital	and applies some critical and technical reflective
			application of facts/some misuse of	contexts although may lack confidence and	literacy skills with some evidence of critical	techniques to set goals and plans for
			terminology in some specialist/new	flexibility. There may be a few relatively	appreciation and application.	enhancement of performance/learning. Solid
			areas. Answers generally informed by	minor errors in referencing. Proficient		

	C 2.2 50-59	58 55 52	specialist and/or new reading showing clarity of thought and recognizing competing perspectives. Some recognition of the interrelationship between fields of study.  Knowledge and understanding of key theories, relevant concepts and terminology demonstrated, but may be incomplete/show some misunderstandings in specialist areas. Generally accurate, but incomplete description or application of relevant facts/some misuse of terminology. Answers informed by some specialist or new reading, showing a generalised understanding of key theories and some awareness of different perspectives. Some recognition of the interrelationship between fields of study but this may lack depth or be incomplete.	analysis of data/ theories with only minor flaws in application/interpretation. Some evidence of ability to distinguish between the relevance of data/theories and analyse new data/theories.  Some critical analysis and a clear structure but often descriptive with limited analysis or evaluation. May lack some confidence with abstract arguments. Arguments may lack coherence in places due to poor synthesis. Research enquiry is focused but requires guidance and mostly appropriate strategies are selected and applied but largely in familiar situations. Some appropriate relevant literature applied in unfamiliar contexts but there is more confidence with familiar contexts. There may be some errors in referencing. Strategies selected might not always be appropriate. Analysis of new data/theories but they may be flaws in application/interpretation.	Sufficient application of discipline-specific specialist skills but may lack flexibility.  Mostly effective processing and interpretation of data to generate new information. Can work effectively with others but may not be able to resolve conflict or modify behaviour in response to group.  Effective use of relevant computational tools and technologies but with a lack of flexibility. Generally good digital literacy skills, with weakness in some areas. Some basic critical appreciation and application.	ethical accountability in relation to professional and personal codes of conduct.  Mostly appropriate communication of information and ideas in a given medium/genre. May not chose appropriate format/genre when given a choice. Mostly appropriate style and awareness of audience. Demonstration of insight and/or ability to evaluate own strengths and weaknesses in relation to professional, digital and practical skills. Gives some feedback based on external standards. Applies some reflective techniques to set goals and plans for enhancement of performance/learning but these may be more technical than critical. Developing ethical accountability in adherence to personal and professional codes of conduct.
	D	48	General knowledge of theories and/or	Some analysis given but may demonstrate	Sufficient application of discipline-specific	Communicates of information and ideas in a
	Third	45	concepts demonstrated but may lack detail or be irrelevant to the task. Some	flaws or points missing or be mainly descriptive. Lacks confidence with abstract	specialist skills but lacks flexibility and confidence. Basic processing and	given medium/genre but with evident weaknesses. If given a choice, genre/format is
	40-49	42	specialist knowledge but incomplete or	concepts. Research enquiry has a basic	interpretation of data with which may not	largely inappropriate. Style may be inappropriate
Third			inaccurate. Basic understanding of main	focus with guidance, and some evidence of	generate new information and with some	in places. Some evidence of ability to evaluate
			facts and use of terminology evident but	selection and application of strategies but	flaws. Mostly working effectively with others	own strengths and weaknesses in relation to
			there may be frequent	there may be more inaccuracies or	but generally not able to resolve conflict or	professional, digital and practical skills identified
			inaccuracies/omissions. Answers	irrelevancies with complex problems. Mainly	modify behaviour in response to group.	by others. Gives basic feedback based on
			generally informed by reading with some	descriptive. Basic use of specified literature	Mostly effective use of relevant	external standards. Applies some basic technical
			basic awareness of different	and/or limited material in unfamiliar	computational tools and technologies but	reflection to set goals and plans for
			perspectives. Does not go beyond core	contexts. There may be frequent errors in	lacks confidence in some contexts.	enhancement of performance/learning.

			knowledge/ideas. Lack of awareness of the interrelationship between fields of study.	referencing although an overall system is used. Strategies selected not always appropriate. Some analysis of new data/theories with some significant flaws in application/interpretation.	Sufficient digital literacy skills but may lack confidence in less familiar contexts. Lacks critical appreciation and application.	Developing ethical accountability in adherence to personal and professional codes of conduct although there may be minor flaws/mistakes made.
Fail	F+ Marginal Fail 30-39	35	Some knowledge but limited understanding. Work contains inaccuracies/misunderstandings/omissions of key theories, concepts and facts in both specialist and non-specialist knowledge. Limited use of reading to inform answers. Minimal awareness of specialist knowledge and competing perspectives.	Mainly descriptive and minimal abstract or critical evaluation. Research enquiry lacks focus and independence, and selection and application of strategies have inaccuracies or irrelevancies in both complex and predictable problems. Limited and/or inappropriate literature/material and/or poorly referenced. Strategies selected are mainly inappropriate. Largely unsystematic, incomplete and/or inaccurate analysis of data/theories.	Basic discipline-specific specialist skills.  Processing and/or interpretation of data flawed and/or does not generate new information. Not always working effectively with others. Issues with use of relevant computational tools and software packages and lack of flexibility/confidence. Basic digital literacy skills and lacks critical appreciation and application	Limited communication of information and ideas in a given medium/genre with evident weaknesses. Chooses inappropriate format/genre. Style not always appropriate. Limited evidence of ability to evaluate own strengths and weaknesses in relation to professional, digital and practical skills identified by others. Limited evidence of ability to give feedback based on external standards. Limited reflection or setting goals and plans for enhancement of performance/learning. Does not adhere to personal of professional codes of conduct.
	F Fail 1-29	28 21 14 7	Major gaps in knowledge and understanding in all areas. Work is mainly inaccurate, and demonstrates misunderstandings of key theories, concepts and facts. Limited use of reading to inform answers. Lacks awareness of specialist knowledge and competing perspectives.	Purely descriptive and shows a lack of understanding of the task/concepts.  Research enquiry lacks focus and selection and application of strategies are inaccurate or irrelevant in both predictable and complex problems. Limited and/or inappropriate literature, poorly referenced.  Unsystematic, incomplete and/or inaccurate	Little evidence of discipline-specific specialist skills. Processing and interpretation of data seriously flawed and does not generate new information. Not working effectively with others. Little or no evidence of ability to use of relevant computational tools and software packages. Minimal or no demonstration of digital	Significant weaknesses in communication of information and ideas in a given medium/genre.  Genre/format wholly inappropriate. Style inappropriate. Very limited evidence of insight into own strengths and weaknesses in relation to professional, digital and practical skills. Little or no evidence of ability to give feedback. Little or no evidence of ability to reflect on own learning.
	FF	0	Non-submission or of no discernible merit.	analysis of data/theories.  Non-submission or of no discernible merit.	Non-submission or of no discernible merit.	Serious flaws in personal or professional codes of conduct.  Non-submission or of no discernible merit.

# The College Generic Marking Criteria POSTGRADUATE - Level 7

			Subject Knowledge and Understanding	Intellectual Skills	Practical Skills including Digital Capabilities	Generic/Transferable Skills including Professional Competencies
Distinction Distinction 95				Intellectual Skills  Demonstrates highly abstract conceptualization in familiar and unfamiliar contexts, critical thinking, application and scholarly practice, including  • critical evaluation of ideas and construction of an abstract argument, arguing for alternative approaches where relevant.  • independently designs and undertakes investigations to address areas of practice/theory, selection, and evaluation of methodological approaches to generate data for transformative solutions.  • evaluation and synthesis of digital and non-digital literature to inform responses within unfamiliar situations  • flexible and creative analysis of complex or contradictory data/theories/evidence.	Capabilities  Demonstrates command of a range of advanced specialized skills adapted to multiple contexts, including:  • mastery of discipline-specific advanced specialist skills in multiple contexts  • processing and interpretation of complex data to generate new information or insights  • works effectively with multiple teams in a variety of contexts as a leader or member, taking into account diversity, recognizes and employs the capacity of others, works with others to anticipate and resolve conflict  • mastery of discipline-specific advanced computational tools and technologies in flexible contexts  • confident application and critical appreciation of other digital literacies including usage of media tools, creation,	Professional Competencies  Demonstrates autonomy and responsibility through a range of enabling skills and competencies, including:  • effective communication in a range of multi-media formats (including structure, accuracy of grammar and awareness of audience/genre within discipline-specific outputs)  • selects and evaluates appropriate formats/genres/medium of presentation appropriate to the task where permitted  • autonomously identifies and implements improvements to performance and demonstrates accountability for own performance through reflective techniques and plans to act on feedback (including in relationship with supervisors)  • incorporates a critical ethical accountability in relation to self, others, and academic/practice
					collaboration and wellbeing.	community
	A+	100	Authoritative, deep understanding of	Takes a highly original critical approach with	Highly proficient and flexible application of	Excellent communication of information and
Distinction	Distinction	95	the key concepts, terminology and	convincing well-structured abstract	advanced discipline-specific specialist skills	ideas in a chosen/given medium/genre.
			theories which form specialist areas of	arguments throughout. Takes a clear	across all relevant contexts, drawing on	Excellent awareness of audience and an
	80-100	92	knowledge. Fully informed by specialist	authoritative position on alternative	innovative sector practice. Processing and	appropriate style maintained throughout.
			reading, critically aware of new	approaches where relevant. Shows a very	interpretation of complex data creatively	Excellent demonstration of insight and

					,
	88	developments in the field.	high level of autonomy in designing a focus	and/or flexibly to generate new information	autonomy in evaluating own strengths,
	85	Demonstrating an insightful and	of research enquiry, critically evaluates and	and insights. Exemplary team working in a	weaknesses, and impact in relation to
	00	original critical response to existing	selects appropriate methods/techniques,	variety of contexts, shows respect for	professional, digital and practical skills.
	82	theories, principles, practices and	showing flexibility and creativity. Data	diversity, enabling of others and anticipates	Excellent quality feedback to others based
		concepts. New concepts or	generated is of excellent quality and	and resolves conflict with a high degree of	on external standards, and applies critical
		approaches where relevant are	interpreted to provide transformative	autonomy. Highly proficient and flexible use	and technical reflection to set goals and
		insightful and original. Shows insight in	solutions/implications. Extensive range of	of relevant computational tools and	plans for enhancement of
		recognition of the interrelationship	sources evaluated, referenced and applied	technologies across all relevant contexts.	performance/learning. Highly developed
		between disciplines.	to unfamiliar situations with flexibility,	Exceptional digital literacy skills with critical	ethical accountability in relation to
			appropriate to the task and of excellent	appreciation and application.	professional and personal codes of conduct.
			quality. A very high level of flexibility and		
			creativity in analysis of		
			complex/contradictory data/theories and/or		
			evidence.		
А	78	Highly detailed knowledge and deep	Takes an original critical approach with	Highly proficient application of advanced	Very effective communication of information
Distinction	75	understanding of the key concepts,	convincing well-structured abstract	discipline-specific specialist skills adapting	and ideas in a chosen/given medium/genre.
DISTILICTION	75	terminologies and theories which form	arguments. Takes a clear position on	to a variety of contexts, sometimes drawing	Very good awareness of audience and an
70-79	72	specialist areas of knowledge. Well	alternative approaches where relevant.	on sector best practice. Processing and	appropriate style maintained throughout.
		informed by specialist reading, aware	Shows a high level of autonomy in	interpretation of complex data efficiently and	Very good demonstration of insight and
		of new developments in the field.	designing a focus of research enquiry,	flexibly generate new information and	autonomy in evaluating own strengths,
		Demonstrating an often insightful	critically evaluates and selects appropriate	insights. Effective team working in a variety	weaknesses, and impact in relation to
		response to existing theories,	methods/techniques, showing some	of contexts, shows respect for diversity,	professional, digital and practical skills. Very
		principles, practices and concepts.	flexibility and creativity. Data generated is of	enabling of others and anticipates and	good quality feedback to others based on
		New concepts or approaches	very good quality and interpreted to provide	resolves conflict. Highly proficient use of	external standards, and applies critical and
		suggested where relevant are	transformative solutions/implications.	relevant computational tools and	technical reflection to set goals and plans for
		insightful. Shows recognition of the	Comprehensive range of sources	technologies adapting to a variety of	enhancement of performance/learning. Well-
		interrelationship between disciplines.	evaluated, referenced and applied to	contexts. Very good digital literacy skills with	developed sense of ethical accountability in
			unfamiliar situations with flexibility,	critical appreciation and application.	relation to professional and personal codes
			appropriate to the task and of very good		of conduct.
			quality. A high level of flexibility and		
			creativity in analysis of		

				complex/contradictory data/theories and/or evidence.		
	В	68	Detailed knowledge and deep	Takes a critical approach with mostly well-	Very effective application of most advanced	Effective communication of information and
	Merit	65	understanding of key theories and	structured convincing arguments but may	discipline-specific specialist skills but not	ideas in a chosen/given medium/genre.
	IVICIIL	0.5	main relevant concepts which form	lack confidence at the level of abstraction.	equally proficient in all contexts. Processing	Appropriate style for the intended audience.
Merit	60-69	62	specialist areas of knowledge, but with	Takes a clear position on alternative	and interpretation of data effectively to	Good demonstration of insight and able to
			some minor gaps. Informed by	approaches where relevant although these	generate new information and insights with	evaluate own strengths, weaknesses, and
			specialist reading, although there may	vary in quality. Shows autonomy in	only minor flaws. Effective team working in	impact in relation to professional, digital and
			be omissions. Demonstrating a critical	designing a focus of research enquiry,	most contexts, shows respect for diversity,	practical skills. Quality feedback to others
			response to existing theories,	evaluates and selects appropriate	shows awareness of the capacities of	based on external standards, and applies
			principles, practices and concepts.	methods/techniques but may lack flexibility	others, and resolves conflict. Very good use	some critical and technical reflective
			New concepts or approaches	and creativity. Data generated is of good	of relevant computational tools and	techniques to set goals and plans for
			suggested where relevant are	quality and interpreted to provide new	technologies but not equally proficient in all	enhancement of performance/learning. Solid
			applicable but may lack critical	solutions/implications. A wide range of	contexts. Good digital literacy skills with	ethical accountability in relation to
			appraisal. Shows some recognition of	sources evaluated, referenced and applied	some evidence of critical appreciation and	professional and personal codes of conduct.
			the interrelationship between	to unfamiliar situations with some flexibility,	application.	
			disciplines.	appropriate to the task and of good quality.		
				Some flexibility and creativity in analysis of		
				complex/contradictory data/theories and/or		
				evidence but this may lack consistency.		
	С	58	Knowledge and understanding of key	Some critical analysis but may be flawed in	Effective application of most discipline-	Communicates information and ideas in a
	Pass	55	theories, relevant concepts and	places or lack coherence due to weak	specific specialist skills but may be less	given medium/genre with evident
	1 033	55	terminology demonstrated in specialist	structure. Often more descriptive with	proficient in more advanced skills and some	weaknesses. May not chose appropriate
	50-59	52	areas, but may be incomplete/show	limited analysis or evaluation. Lacks some	contexts. Mostly effective processing and	format/genre when given a choice. Style may
			some misunderstandings or focus on	confidence with abstract arguments. Offers	interpretation of data to generate new	be inappropriate in places. Demonstration of
			breadth over depth. Informed by	some alternative approaches where	information but may lack proficiency or	insight and/or ability to evaluate own
			specialist reading, but showing a	relevant although these may lack	insights. Good contribution to teamwork in	strengths and weaknesses in relation to
			generalised understanding of key	applicability. Designs a focus of research	most contexts, shows respect for diversity in	professional, digital and practical skills. Gives
D			theories and there may be some major	enquiry and methods selected are mostly	most situations, shows some awareness of	feedback based on external standards.
Pass			works omitted. Demonstrating some	appropriate, but requires assistance. Some	the capacities of others and can resolve	Applies some reflective techniques to set
			critical response to existing theories,	evaluation of methods/techniques. Data	conflict in some situations. Mostly effective	goals and plans for enhancement of
			principles, practices and concepts but	generated is of satisfactory quality and	use of relevant computational tools and	performance/learning but these may be more

		this may lack depth or be generalised in places. New concepts or approaches suggested where relevant may lack relevance/applicability.  Shows some recognition of the interrelationship between disciplines.	interpreted to provide solutions/implications but lacks originality or flexibility. A range of sources applied to unfamiliar situations but there may be errors in evaluation/appropriateness to the task/referencing. Analysis of complex/contradictory data/theories and/or evidence but this may be incomplete or inaccurate in places.	technologies but less confident in some contexts. Generally good digital literacy skills, with weakness in some areas. Some basic critical appreciation and application.	technical than critical. Developing ethical accountability in adherence to personal and professional codes of conduct.
Marginal Fail 40-49	48 45 42	General knowledge of theories and/or concepts demonstrated but lack depth / are irrelevant to the task/ have frequent inaccuracies. Some specialist knowledge but with major omissions. May be informed by more general reading or uses some specialist works with major omissions/misunderstandings. New concepts or approaches not suggested where relevant, or lack relevance/applicability. Lack of awareness of the interrelationship between disciplines.	Some analysis attempted but may demonstrate flaws or points missing or be mainly descriptive. Largely unable to work with abstract concepts. Alternative approaches where relevant lack applicability or are not present. Requires significant help in designing a focus of research enquiry, selecting or evaluating methods. Methods selected are not always appropriate. Limited evaluation of methods/techniques. Data generated is of generally poor quality and interpretation provides inappropriate or basic solutions/implications. Sources are used but there may be significant errors or lack of evaluation/appropriateness to the task/referencing. Analysis of complex/contradictory data/theories and/or evidence is often incomplete or inaccurate.	Some application of discipline-specific specialist skills but lacks confidence in advanced skills and is only able to work in some contexts. Basic processing and interpretation of data with which may not generate new information and with some flaws. Some ability to work effectively with others but generally not able to respond to the group diversity and capabilities or resolve conflict. Some use of relevant computational tools and technologies but within a limited range of contexts. Some digital literacy skills but lacks confidence in less familiar contexts. Lacks critical appreciation and application.	Communicates information and ideas in a given medium/genre but with significant weaknesses. If given a choice, genre/format is largely inappropriate. Style not always appropriate. Some evidence of ability to evaluate own strengths and weaknesses in relation to professional, digital and practical skills identified by others. Gives basic feedback based on external standards. Applies only basic technical reflection to set goals and plans for enhancement of performance/learning and /or relies on others to identify these. Developing ethical accountability in adherence to personal and professional codes of conduct although there are flaws/mistakes made.

	F+	35	Some knowledge but limited depth.	Mainly descriptive and minimal abstract or	Basic discipline-specific specialist skills.	Limited communication of information and
	1 T	33	Work contains	critical evaluation. Alternative approaches	Processing and/or interpretation of data	ideas in a given medium/genre. Chooses
	Fail		inaccuracies/misunderstandings/omiss	where relevant are not present or	flawed and/or does not generate new	inappropriate format/genre. Style
	30-39		ions of key theories, concepts and	'	information. Not always working effectively	
	30-39			significantly flawed. Unable to designing a		inappropriate. Limited evidence of ability to
			facts in both specialist and non-	focus of research enquiry, select or evaluate	with others. Minimal use of relevant	evaluate own strengths and weaknesses in
			specialist knowledge. Limited use of	methods without help. Limited or	computational tools and software packages.	relation to professional, digital and practical
			reading to inform answers. No new	significantly flawed evaluation of	Basic digital literacy skills and lacks critical	skills identified by others. Limited evidence of
			concepts or approaches suggested	methods/techniques. Data generated is of	appreciation and application	ability to give feedback based on external
			where relevant. Minimal or no	poor quality and interpretation provides		standards. Limited reflection or setting goals
			awareness of specialist knowledge	inappropriate solutions/implications. Limited		and plans for enhancement of
			and lacks awareness of	and/or inappropriate literature/material		performance/learning. Does not adhere to
			interdisciplinary issues.	and/or poorly referenced. Analysis of		personal of professional codes of conduct.
				complex/contradictory data/theories and/or		
				evidence is incomplete or inaccurate		
	F	28	Major gaps in knowledge and	Purely descriptive and shows a lack of	Little evidence of discipline-specific	Significant weaknesses in communication of
Fail			understanding in all areas. Work is	understanding of the task/concepts.	specialist skills. Processing and	information and ideas in a given
	Fail	21	mainly inaccurate, and demonstrates	Alternative approaches where relevant are	interpretation of data seriously flawed and	medium/genre. Genre/format wholly
	1-29	14	misunderstandings of key theories,	not present. Unable to designing a focus of	does not generate new information. Not	inappropriate. Style wholly inappropriate.
	. 20		concepts and facts. Limited use of	research enquiry, select or evaluate	working effectively with others. Little or no	Very limited evidence of insight into own
		7	reading to inform answers. Lacks	methods. No or significantly flawed	evidence of ability to use of relevant	strengths and weaknesses in relation to
			awareness of specialist knowledge	evaluation of methods/techniques. Data	computational tools and software packages.	professional, digital and practical skills. Little
			and interdisciplinary issues.	generated is of very poor quality or absent	Minimal or no demonstration of digital	or no evidence of ability to give feedback.
			and interaccipinary locaco.	and interpretation provides inappropriate	literacy skills.	Little or no evidence of ability to reflect on
				solutions/implications/is absent.	moracy skino.	own learning. Serious flaws in personal or
				Inappropriate literature/material and poorly		professional codes of conduct.
				referenced. Analysis of		professional codes of conduct.
				complex/contradictory data/theories and/or		
				evidence is absent or significantly flawed.		
	FF	0	Non-submission or of no discernible	Non-submission or of no discernible merit.	Non-submission or of no discernible merit.	Non-submission or of no discernible merit.
			merit.			

# 6. Implementation of the Marking Frame

**Marking models**: The implementation requires the Faculty Assessment Board to agree on the changes. Assessment sub-boards will then select the most appropriate marking model for each assessment type within a module. Programmes must provide students with details of the College Marking Framework and the models that they intend to apply, so student handbooks need to be amended before the start of the academic year to illustrate which model is used for an assessment. Markers may need training on the new models.

**Step-Marking**: Step-marking can be used for many types of assessment and may be applied to a single assessment or the whole programme, where appropriate. It may necessitate a new set of marking criteria (see below), but it does not require changes to mark input as the agreed band will be reported as a numerical mark to SITS.

Introducing a step-marking scheme will need marking training at departmental level plus changes to student handbooks, KEATS, etc. Students will have to be introduced to the new scheme as well, and the application of the steps and the corresponding marking criteria would also need to be trained. This should be done within the module so staff would be able to embed some criteria training exercises for students. Examples on how to do this can be sourced via King's Academy.

Marking criteria: The new set of College generic marking criteria for credit levels 3 to 7 has been approved by CEC. Faculties as well as departments can evaluate their need to adjust/replace their own local criteria. This will involve guidance or training on how to adapt the generic criteria for an assessment specific rubric, and DEC/FEC input may be required. External Examiners should also be asked for comment. Once established, all markers can be trained. The new marking criteria should be made available to students at the start of the academic year.

# 7. Glossary

**Assessment marking criteria:** a set of marking criteria designed to help students know what is expected of them for a specific assessment type.

**Internal Markers:** For a comprehensive definition of the term 'internal examiner', please consult the Faculty Assessment Board/Assessment Sub-Board Terms of reference.

**College generic marking criteria:** a common set of marking criteria set across levels 3–7 by the College, aligning to the relevant FHEQ levels of the <u>QAA Outcome Qualification Descriptors</u>. See also Marking Criteria.

**Faculty marking criteria:** a set of marking criteria set by the faculty across levels 3–7. The criteria will adapt and supplement the College Generic Marking Criteria to reflect the style and nature of assessments in the particular faculty. See also Marking Criteria.

**Formative assessment:** assessment to monitor student learning and provide ongoing feedback to staff and students. It is assessment for learning. It helps students identify their strengths and weaknesses and will 'feed forward' towards the next assessment.

**Local marking criteria:** a set of marking criteria across levels 3–7, adapted from the generic or Faculty criteria to make them applicable to the discipline/department. See also Marking Criteria.

**Marking criteria:** The learning outcome knowledge, understanding and skills requirements that are taken into account in awarding assessment marks. Criteria are set across levels 3–7.

**Marking models:** a set of models that describes how assessments should be marked and the marking checked e.g., use of single marking, double marking, etc. Assessment Sub-Boards will select the most appropriate marking model for each assessment type within a module from the marking models approved for use in the College Marking Framework.

Marking scale: assessment is marked against a scale of 0–100% or against defined bands (step-marking scheme).

**Marking scheme:** A detailed structure for assigning marks where a specific number of marks are given to individual components of the answer.

**QAA Framework for Higher Education Qualifications (FHEQ):** framework for UK degree awards, from levels 4–8.

**Self-assessment:** a student self-assesses their own assignment using lecturer's criteria.

Peer-assessment: students assess another student's assignment using a lecturer's criteria.

**Relevant, timely feedback:** feedback on an assessment is returned to the student to enable the student to learn how to improve for their next piece of assessment. King's timescale for returning feedback is within 4 weeks from submission of the assessment. This can be individual feedback on a student's work or feedback to a whole cohort.

Rubrics: a set of criteria used for assessing a submitted work or a presentation-

**SEEC Descriptors**: credit level descriptors for UK degree awards, used for benchmarking levels 3-8.

Step-Marking Scheme/Stepped Marking: using a restricted number of marks within the range of 0-100%

**Summative assessment:** An assessment which contributes to the marks recorded on a student's transcript.

**Third marker:** an experienced internal examiner who is brought in to assist in agreeing a mark where the  $1^{st}$  and  $2^{nd}$  marker have discrepancies that are unable to be resolved.

**Transparency of markers:** clear notes on how a mark has been reached between 1<sup>st</sup> and 2<sup>nd</sup> markers.

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