

## Code of Connection Procedure

**Effective Date:** 22/09/2022  
**Supersedes:** N/A  
**Last Review:** 04/06/2025  
**Next Review:** 04/06/2026

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### 1. Purpose and Scope

- 1.1 The purpose of this document is to define the code of connection for every user who connects directly to the King's College London university wired and wireless networks. This Code of Connection supports the Information Security Policy and Data Protection Policy by establishing a minimum-security baseline. This code defines the actions users must take whilst connecting to the University infrastructure via University-owned devices to preserve the security and integrity of the data managed by the University, as well as connecting in a manner that does not extend any of the King's networks, impact performance, resilience and availability of the infrastructure.
- 1.2 This document applies to any user who connects directly to the University infrastructure regardless of the status of the user or how the device is managed.
- 1.3 The University strongly suggests the use of King's managed (SOE) devices for end user devices and centrally managed solutions. Non-SOE devices should only be used where a King's managed (SOE) device is not possible. Non-SOE devices broadly fall into three categories:
  - a) Computers (desktop/laptop/server) managed by local/departmental IT support group/person. The local/departmental IT support group/person are responsible for ensuring compliance.
  - b) Computers (desktop/laptop/server) managed by an individual researcher. The individual researcher is responsible for ensuring compliance.
  - c) Computers (desktop/laptop/server) managed by third party providers e.g., desktop computer integrated with scientific instrument. These devices should be identified to e-Research and King's IT who will support the owner to determine whether compliance is possible and if not implement mitigating security controls while keeping the system operational.
- 1.4 For advice and guidance on adhering to any sections of this procedure, please see this [SharePoint page](#).
- 1.5 Definitions of key terms used in this procedure can be found in section 3.

## 2. Related Policies and Procedures

- [IT Acceptable Use Policy](#)
- [IT Acceptable Use Policy – Password Procedure](#)
- [IT Acceptable Use Policy - Bring Your Own Device \(BYOD\) Procedure](#)
- [Information Security Policy](#)
- [Data Protection Policy](#)
- [Data Protection Procedure](#)
- [Data Governance Policy](#)
- [Data Governance Procedure](#)
- [Data Breach Management Procedure](#)
- [Records Management Policy](#)
- [Research Data Management Policy](#)
- [Patch Management Policy](#)

## 3. Definitions

Application	A computing programme or piece of software designed to fulfil a particular purpose.
BYOD	Bring your own device.
Critical Systems	Systems which are essential to the services provided by and day to day running of the University.
Device	A piece of portable electronic equipment that can connect to the internet, especially a smartphone or tablet computer.
EDR	Endpoint detection and response (EDR), also known as endpoint threat detection and response (ETDR), is a cybersecurity technology that continually monitors an "endpoint" (e.g. a client device such as a mobile phone, laptop, Internet of things device) to mitigate malicious cyber threats.
Hardware Assets	Any tangible, physical company technology asset, including those currently in use, those in storage, and support equipment.
Incident	An unexpected event that disrupts business operational processes or reduces the quality of a service.
IT Equipment	Any information technology equipment, irrespective of owner.
Inherent Vulnerability	Vulnerabilities that are present before any security procedures are implemented.
Malware	A software that is specifically designed to disrupt, damage, or gain unauthorised access to a computer system.
Multi-Factor Authentication (MFA)	A security technology that requires multiple methods of authentication from independent categories of credentials to verify a user's identity for a login or other transaction. For example, logging into Microsoft Teams and having to input a code from the Microsoft Authenticator App to prove your identity and gain access to the system.

Patch Management	The systematic notification, identification, deployment, installation, and verification of operating system and application software code revisions.
SOE	Standard Operating Environment – University owned and managed devices, for example the laptops provided to staff by King's IT.
Software Assets	All software, data rights, documentation and associated licence, escrow, support and maintenance agreements provided by the University for work purposes.
University System	Defined as any University system or application which supports the University's academic and business processes, e.g., SITS, finance system, HR system, KEATS.
VLAN	Virtual local area network.
Verified	Known, assessed, and approved by King's IT.
Unverified	Unknown and unassessed by King's IT.

#### **4. Procedure**

##### **4.1 Inventory and Control of Hardware Assets**

- 4.1.1 All computing equipment and systems must have a designated, current and contactable owner.
- 4.1.2 Inventory control of King's managed (SOE) devices is managed by King's IT. Non-SOE devices purchased by an individual department are the responsibility of that department and should be logged so that when requested, information can be supplied to King's IT for reasons such as (but not limited to):
- Legal procedures
  - Internal disciplinary procedures
  - Information security incidents

##### **4.2 Inventory and Control of Software and information Assets**

- 4.2.1 Software installed via standard installation packages should be reportable to IT. Users should be able to provide details of their inventory upon request by IT.

##### **4.3 Vulnerability (Patch) Management**

- 4.3.1 All IT equipment and systems must be patched in accordance with the [IT Patch Management Policy](#).
- 4.3.2 Any exceptions must be requested & approved via e-Research and/or Cyber Security who will provide guidance.

#### **4.4 Secure Configuration**

- 4.4.1 All IT systems, software and services are configured to reduce the level of inherent vulnerability. We will have ensured that applications, services, processes and ports not required are disabled by default.
- 4.4.2 Default passwords and usernames must be changed immediately upon first configuration.

#### **4.5 Malware protection, monitoring and intrusion detection**

- 4.5.1 All staff have a duty to prevent the introduction of malware to the network to prevent harmful code from causing damage or accessing sensitive data.
- 4.5.2 Managed and regularly updated malware protection and EDR systems should be used wherever it is possible to do so. In scenarios where this may not be feasible, systems administrators deploying computers to staff and students without malware and/or EDR agents should document this design decision, its justification and any compensating controls within their security risk register. IT services may deploy agents to help manage and evidence this. Please see the [SharePoint page](#).
- 4.5.3 Users are always expected to conduct reasonable due diligence when installing new software on non-centrally managed systems. For guidance, please see the [SharePoint page](#).
- 4.5.4 Users who identify potentially malicious software must contact the IT Service Desk immediately, taking care not to open, use or distribute the software before it has been properly assessed.
- 4.5.5 Users must restrict the execution of known malware and untrusted software to prevent harmful code from causing damage or accessing sensitive data. Well managed and regularly updated malware protection systems should be used wherever appropriate.
- 4.5.6 For information on current anti-malware options available for you, please see the [SharePoint page](#).

#### **4.6 External exposure**

- 4.6.1 External facing (i.e., being made available for inbound connections over the internet) services, ports and interfaces will be limited to only those absolutely necessary to achieve the required purpose. Any users wishing to configure an externally facing service or system must obtain approval from the King's IT Cyber Security team, who will follow the [standard governance processes](#), before any work is undertaken.
- 4.6.2 Any changes to an externally facing system or service that alter port configurations must obtain approval from the King's IT Cyber Security team before any change is made.
- 4.6.3 Wherever practical, services will be hosted on centrally managed (i.e., IT or e-Research) platforms. In cases where this is not viable, the security architecture of the application will need to be demonstrated to IT and/or e-Research prior to any firewall changes being made.

- 4.6.4 All devices must be placed behind King's perimeter security protections and monitoring. Endpoint devices must not establish an external connection to facilitate a reverse inbound connection with the aim of exposing internal resources without explicit approval.

#### **4.7 Authentication**

- 4.7.1 Multi-factor authentication (MFA) must be used wherever it is available. See our [dedicated SharePoint page](#) for guidance on configuring MFA.
- 4.7.2 All staff and students must adhere to the measures stated in the King's College London [IT Acceptable Use Policy – Password Procedure](#)

#### **4.8 Security Incident Reporting**

- 4.8.1 Security-related IT incidents or other suspicious activity must be reported immediately upon discovery via the IT service desk.
- 4.8.2 Wherever security incident response plans are used, plans need to have been tested and scrutinised to ensure timely action to contain any incidents, limit harm, ensure appropriate escalation. All response plans should be regularly reviewed to ensure that they improve over time. These plans will include named responsible owners and pre-defined processes to respond to common forms of attack.
- 4.8.3 Logs must be retained and appropriately secured for critical systems and data access to aid with incident investigations. Guidance on keeping logs and identifying critical systems can be found on the [SharePoint page](#).

#### **5. Governance and Exceptions**

- 5.1 Following the requirements of this procedure, other associated policies and procedures will ensure that users are compliant with the law. However, users should contact the IT Service Desk for advice about any concerns.
- 5.2 Non-compliance with this procedure or associated policies and procedures is an infringement of King's regulations and will be investigated in accordance with the appropriate University regulations.
- 5.3 The University may remove or limit access to its systems on a temporary basis that is deemed necessary to protect the university infrastructure or to prevent reputational damage or in the course of an investigation.
- 5.4 The University reserves the right to investigate and interrogate any hardware, software or code which it deems to be connected to its network and systems. This includes all King's managed (SOE) and non-SOE devices.

## Appendix A – Review & Change Log

Version	Date	Name	Role	Changes
1.0	22/09/2022			Initial Issue
1.1	22/09/2022	Kirsty Lynch	Senior IT Assurance Officer	Inclusion of Change Log
1.2	22/09/2022	Kirsty Lynch	Senior IT Assurance Officer	Minor clarification of terms
1.3	20/12/2023	Jim Hall	IT Assurance Officer	Interim review – no changes
2.0	03/07/2025	Angus Macrae (in conjunction with review from Matt Penn, Darren Hughes, Guy Thomson, Kayleigh Neilson, Glyn Chudleigh, Stephen Downing, and John Coundon)	Head of Cyber Security	Inclusion of 'endpoint detection (EDR)' as an additional term in 'definitions'. Inclusion and expansion of reference to EDR in section 4.5.2. Removal of paragraph 5.5
2.1	04/07/2025	Karen Balman	Communications Partner	Editorial adjustments for clarity and consistency