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IRMS insights on EpiA-S, 6aOH-ADION and 19NA cases

Michael Polet – 22.09.2023

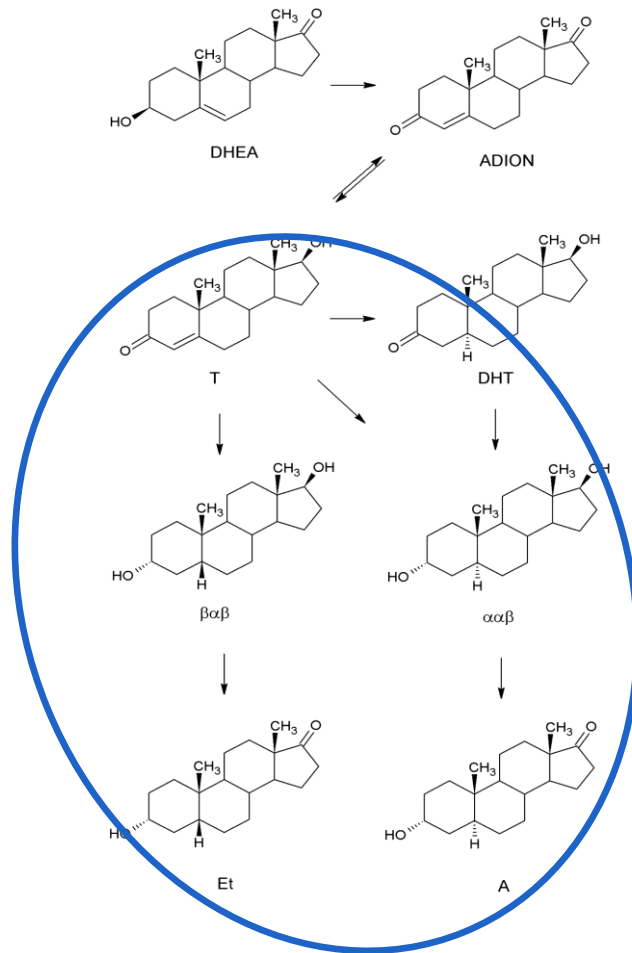
PART ONE: EPIA-S

PART TWO: 6AOH-ADION

PART THREE: 19NA

PART ONE: EPIA-S

CONVENTIONAL IRMS TARGET COMPOUNDS



Conventional IRMS methodologies:
focus on glucuronides

EPIA-S PROLONGS DETECTION TIME

Research article

Drug Testing
and Analysis

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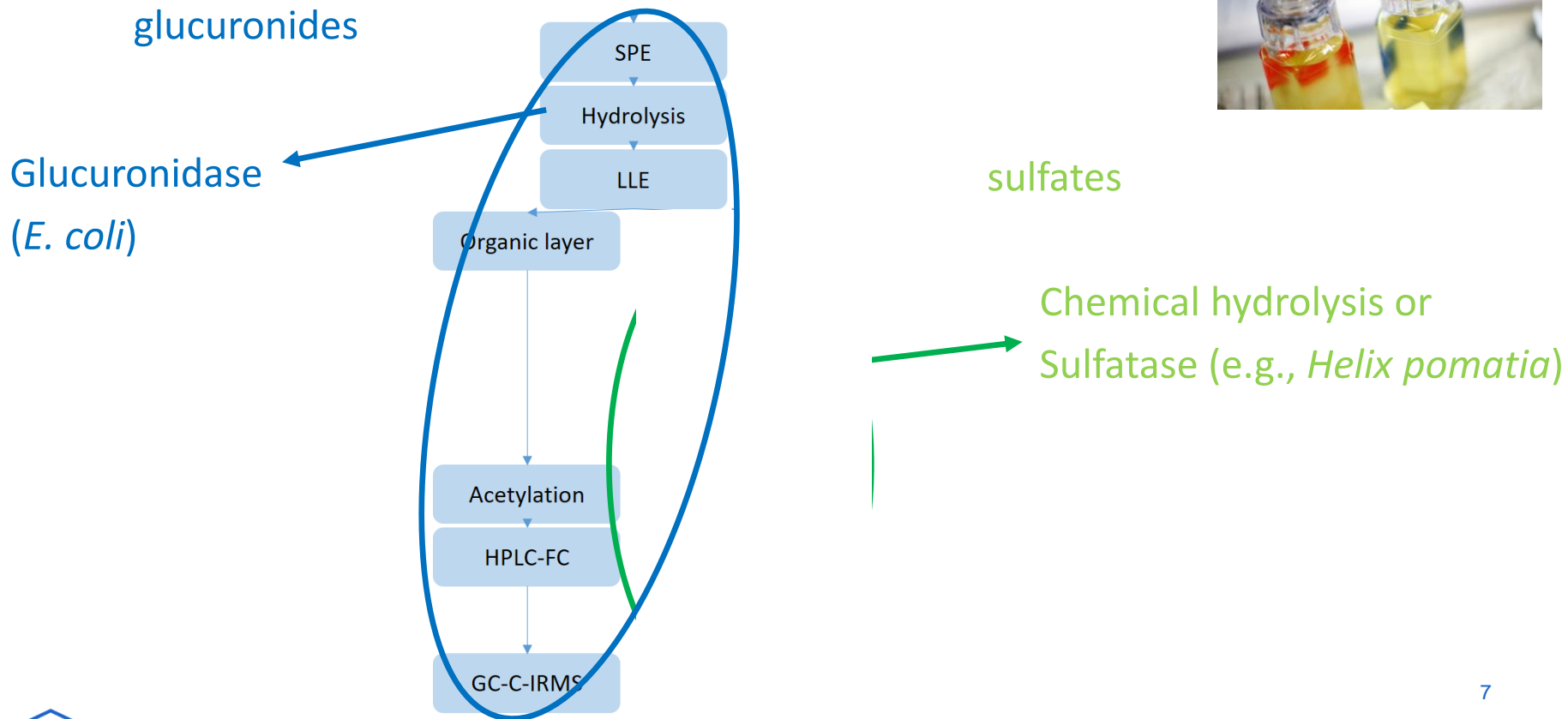
(www.drugtestinganalysis.com) DOI 10.1002/dta.2291

Epiandrosterone sulfate prolongs the detectability of testosterone, 4-androstenedione, and dihydrotestosterone misuse by means of carbon isotope ratio mass spectrometry

Thomas Piper,^{a*}  Marlen Putz,^a Wilhelm Schänzer,^a Valentin Pop,^b Malcolm D. McLeod,^c  Dimanthi R. Uduwela,^c Bradley J. Stevenson^c and Mario Thevis^{a,d} 

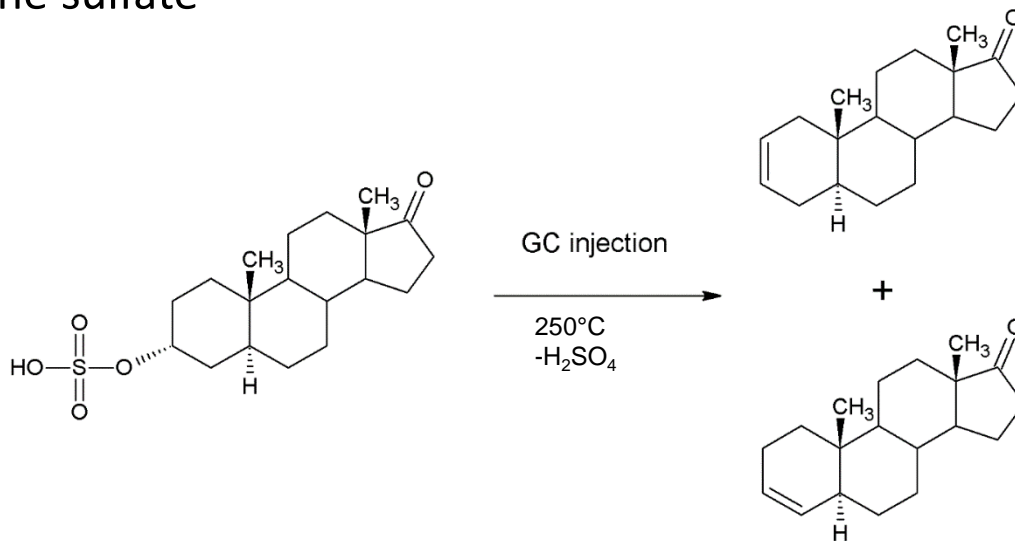
EpiA-S prolongs IRMS detection time with factor 2 to 5 in comparison with the conventional TCs

SAMPLE PREP FOR GLUCURONIDES AND SULFATES



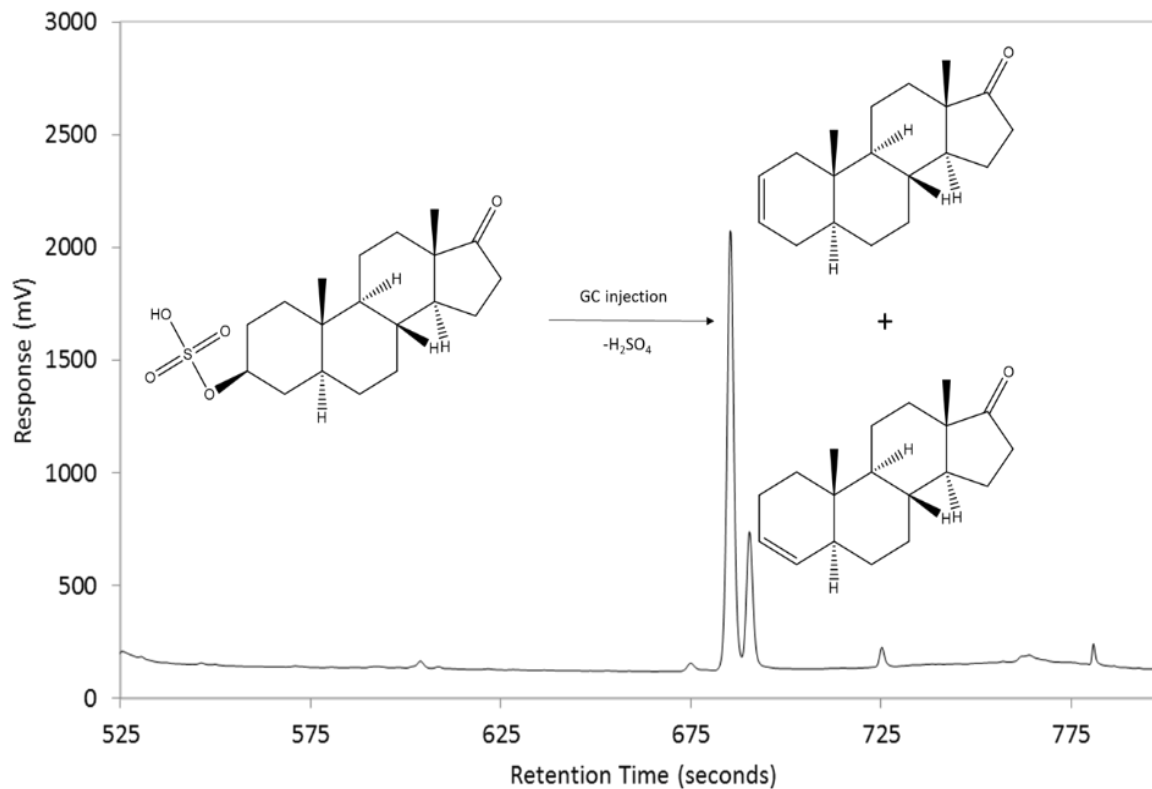
NON-HYDROLYZED SULFATED STEROIDS ON GC

Androsterone sulfate



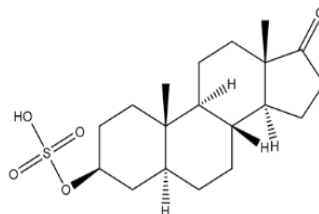
M. Polet, W. Van Gansbeke, A.D. Albertsdóttir, G. Coppieters, K. Deventer, P. Van Eenoo, Gas chromatography-mass spectrometry analysis of non-hydrolyzed sulfated steroids by degradation product formation. *Drug testing and analysis*. **2019**, 11, 1656.

NON-HYDROLYZED EPIA-S ON GC



Column DB-17ms (30 m x 0,25 mm x 0,25 μ m)

NON-HYDROLYZED EPIA-S ON GC



EpiA-S standard

Helix pomatia hydrolysis

LLE

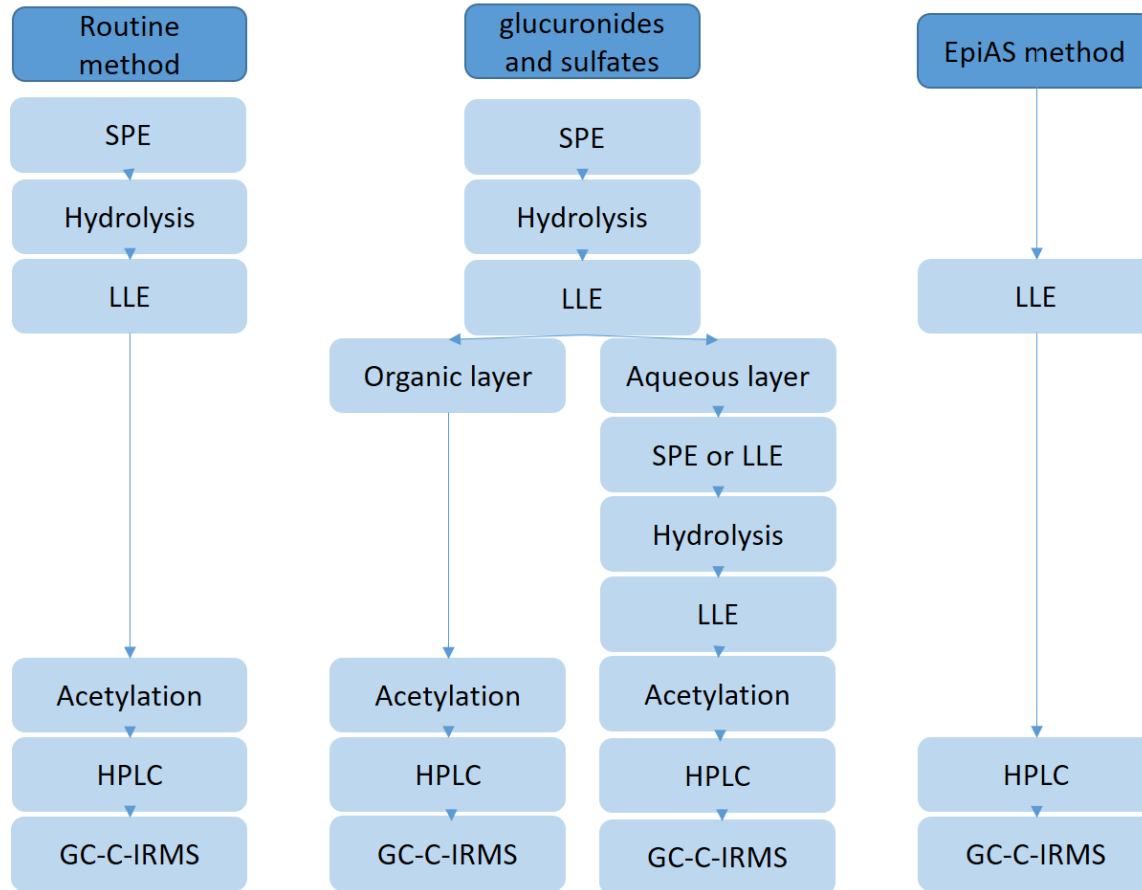
free EpiA on GC-C-IRMS

$\delta^{13}\text{C} = -30,58 \text{ ‰}$ (n = 10)
SD = 0,07 ‰

Non-hydrolyzed EpiA-S on IRMS

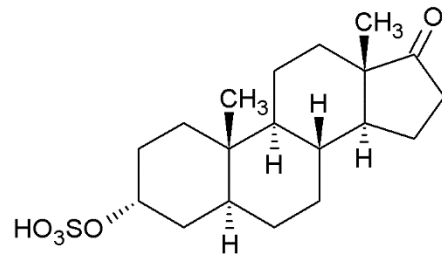
$\delta^{13}\text{C} = -30,56 \text{ ‰}$ (n = 56)
SD = 0,22 ‰

SAMPLE PREPARATION

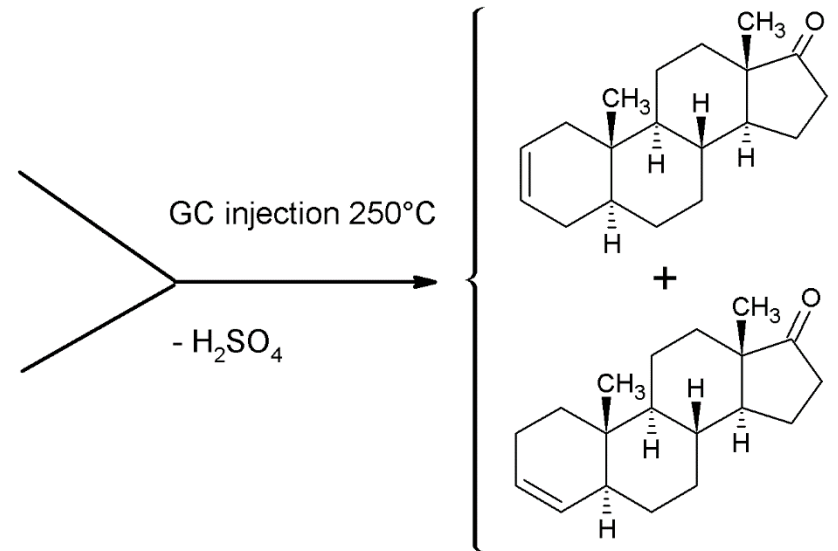
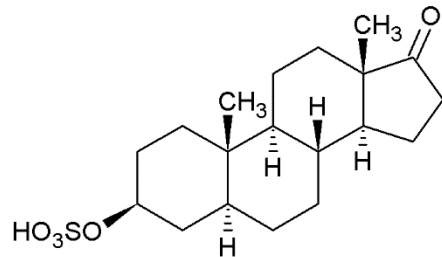


A-S and EpiA-S need to be separated on HPLC-FC

A-S



EpiA-S

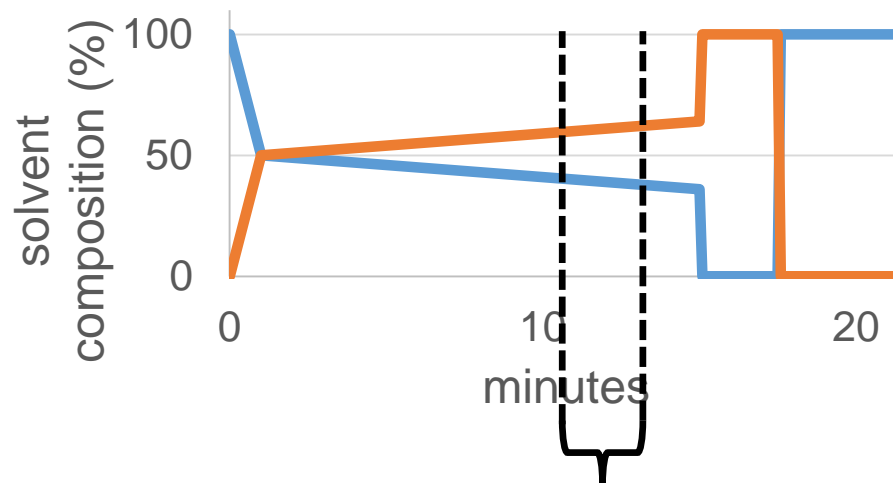


HPLC-FC

Hypersil Gold C18 column 150 x 4,6 mm x 5 μm

A) H_2O (0,01 % formic acid; 20 mM NH_4OOCH)

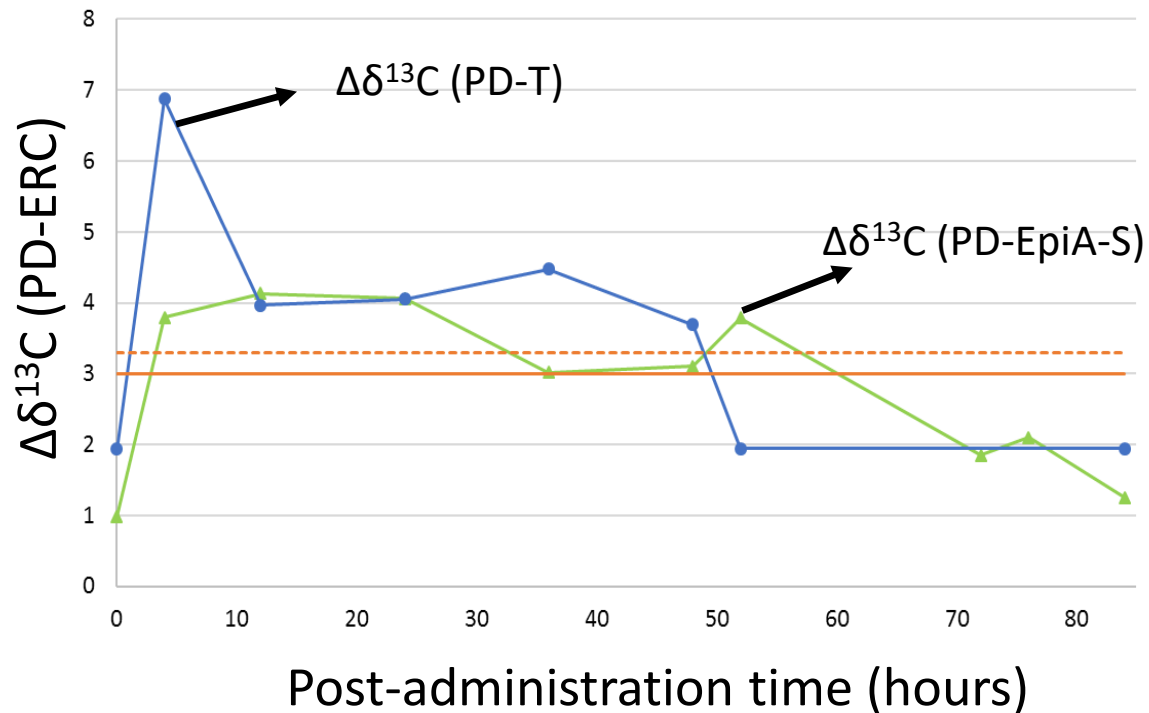
B) MeOH (0,01 % formic acid; 20 mM NH_4OOCH)



EpiA-S

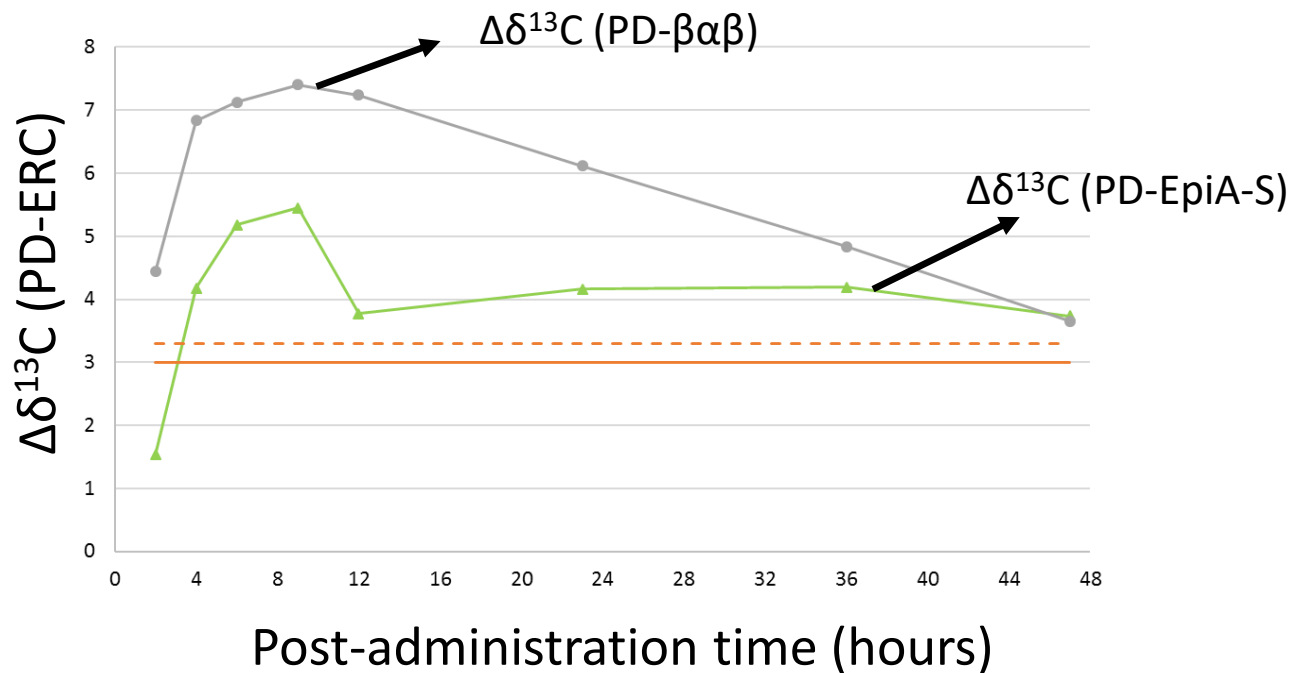
ADMINISTRATION STUDY: DHEA

Single dose 50 mg DHEA (oral)



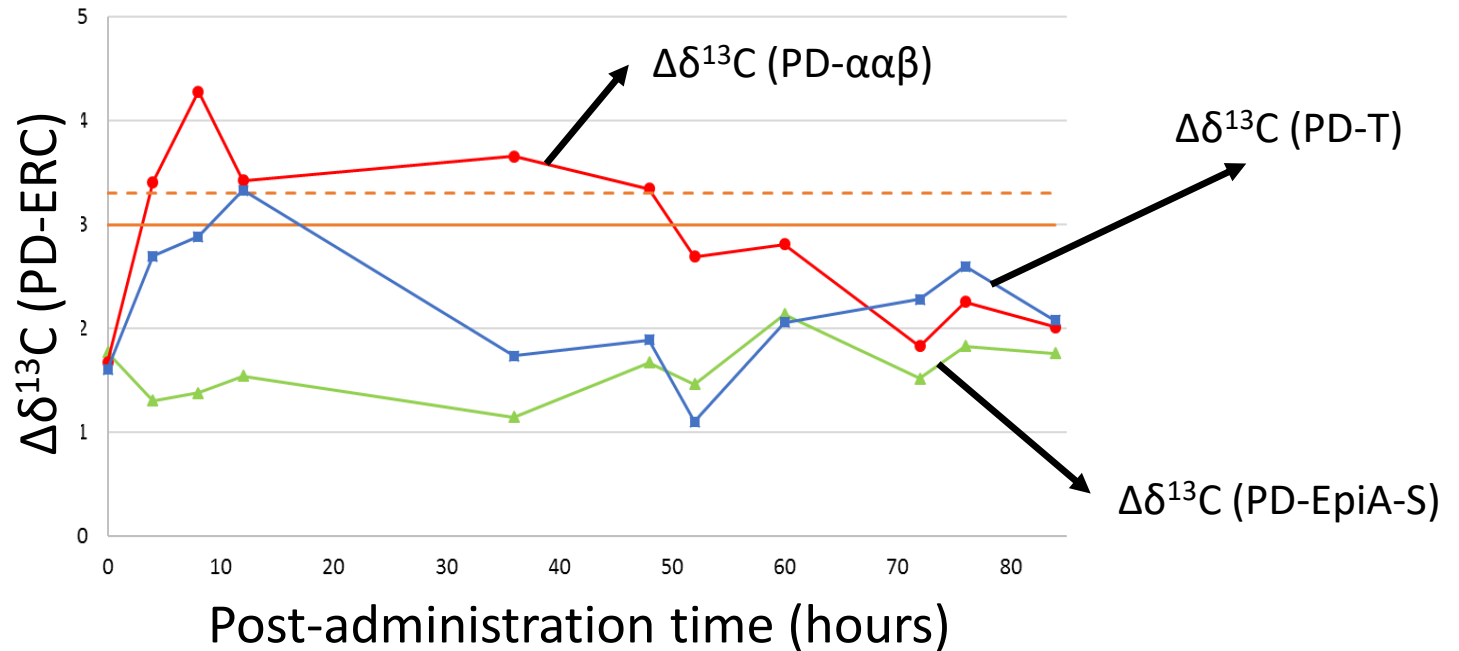
ADMINISTRATION STUDY: ADION

Single dose 50 mg ADION (oral)



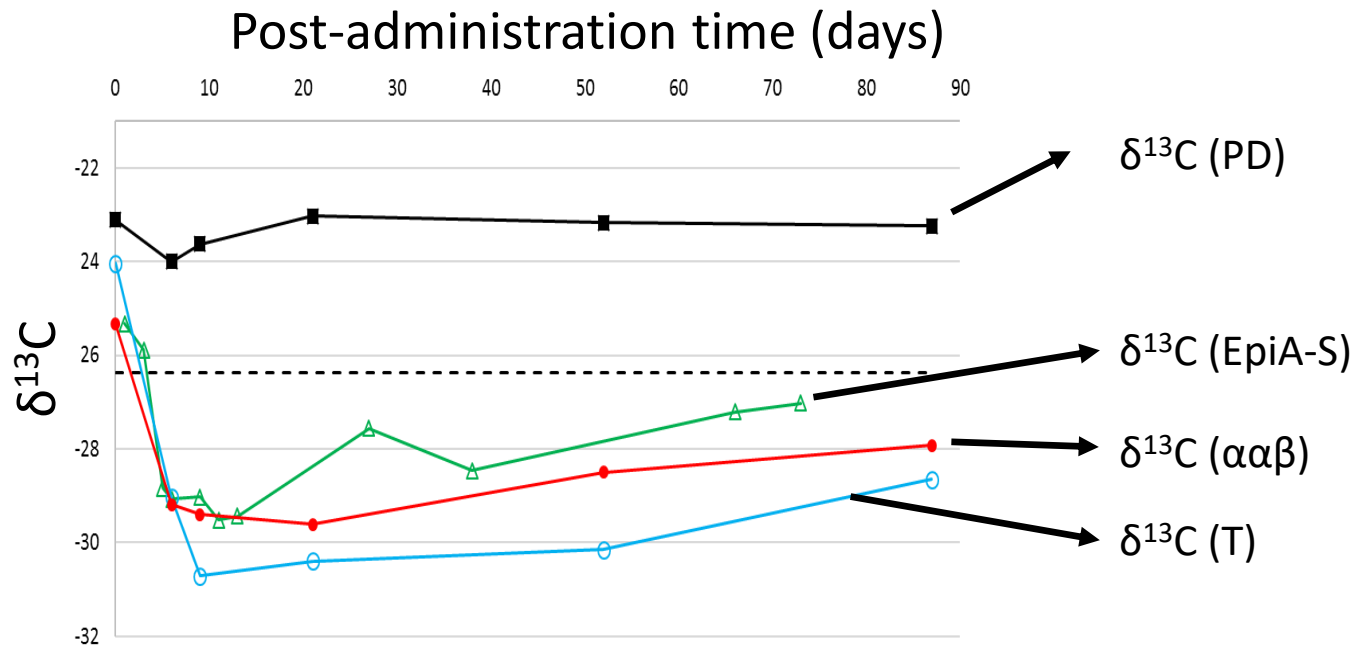
ADMINISTRATION STUDY: T GEL

Single dose 50 mg T gel (transdermal)



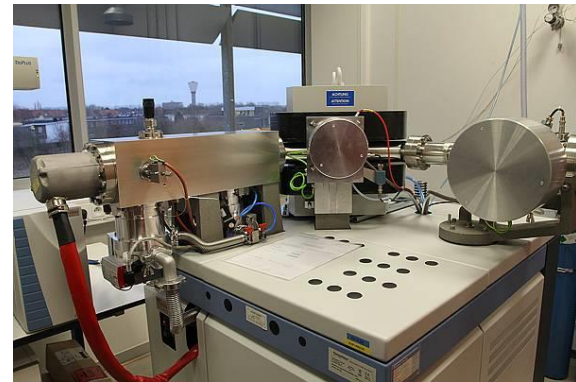
ADMINISTRATION STUDY: NEBIDO

Single dose 1 g Nebido (intramuscularly)




CONCLUSIONS



1. Fast method (performed in addition to the conventional method)
2. Prolongation of detection window is very limited



Development and validation of a fast gas chromatography combustion isotope ratio mass spectrometry method for the detection of epiandrosterone sulfate in urine

Laurie De Wilde  | Pieter Van Renterghem | Peter Van Eenoo | Michaël Polet 

Evaluation of epiandrosterone as a long-term marker of testosterone use

Vinod S. Nair¹  | Christine E. Doman¹ | Matthew S. Morrison¹ |
Geoffrey D. Miller¹  | Jacob Husk¹ | Peter van Eenoo² | Andre K. Crouch¹ |
Daniel Eichner¹

1. SMRTL publication also showed very limited added value
2. Analysis of EpiA-S no longer in our scope

PART TWO: 6AOH-ADION

STEROID PROFILE

Administration of endogenous anabolic steroids (T, ADION, DHEA, DHT,...)

⇒ Elevation of one or more steroid profile parameters

⇒ IRMS confirmation

Classic steroid profile parameters:

T, EpiT, DHEA, DHT, ADION

main metabolites: A, Et, aab-diol, bab-diol

T/E

etc.

STEROID PROFILE

Minor metabolites:

4OH-ADION (formestane)

7bOH-DHEA

6aOH-ADION

⇒ Important parameters as well ¹⁻⁵⁾

¹⁾Cawley, A. T., et al. *Forensic Science International*, **143**, 103 (2004).

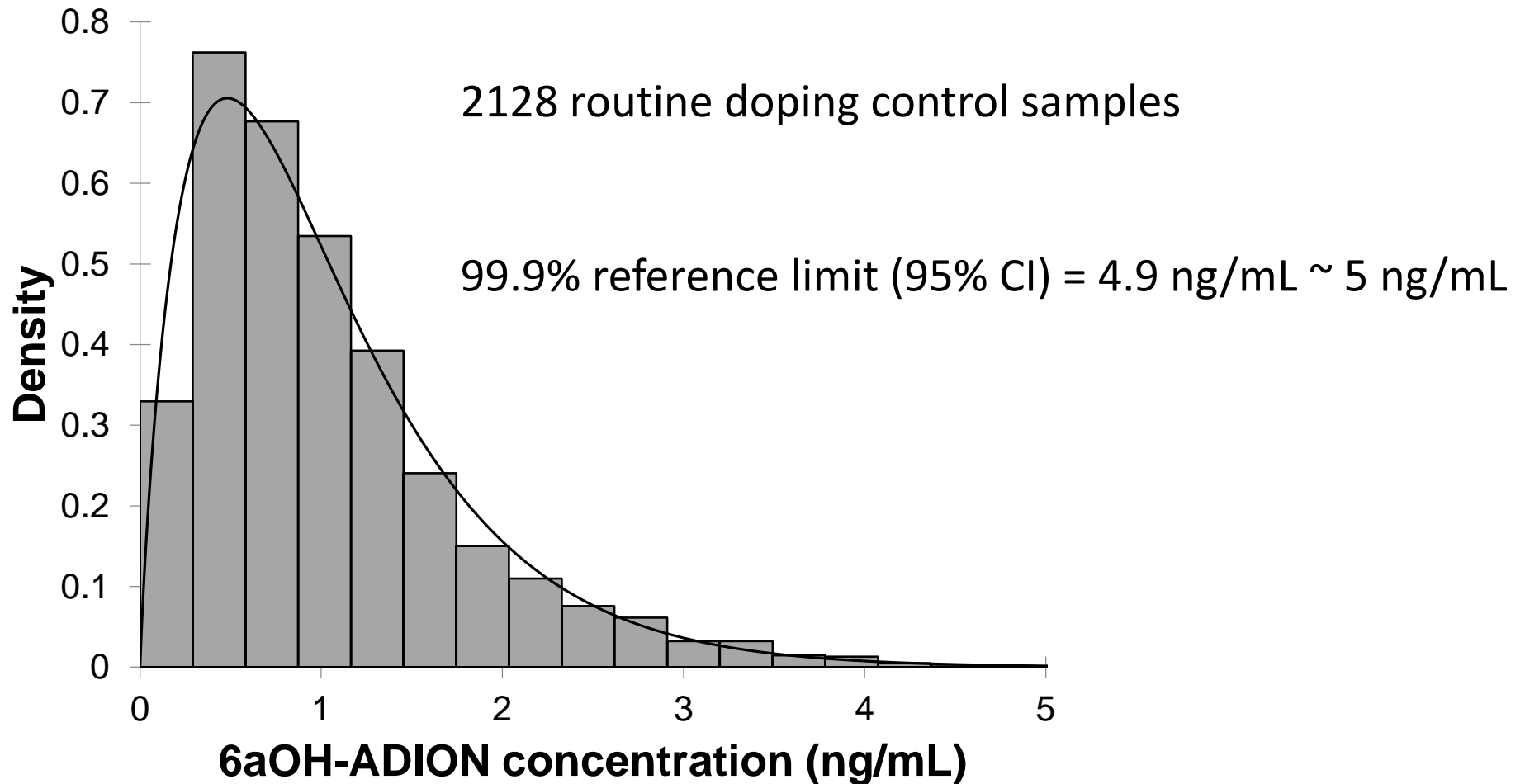
²⁾Cawley, A. T., et al. *Rapid Communications in Mass Spectrometry*, **22**, 4147 (2008).

³⁾Van Renterghem, P., et al. *Journal of Chromatography B*, **876**, 225 (2008).

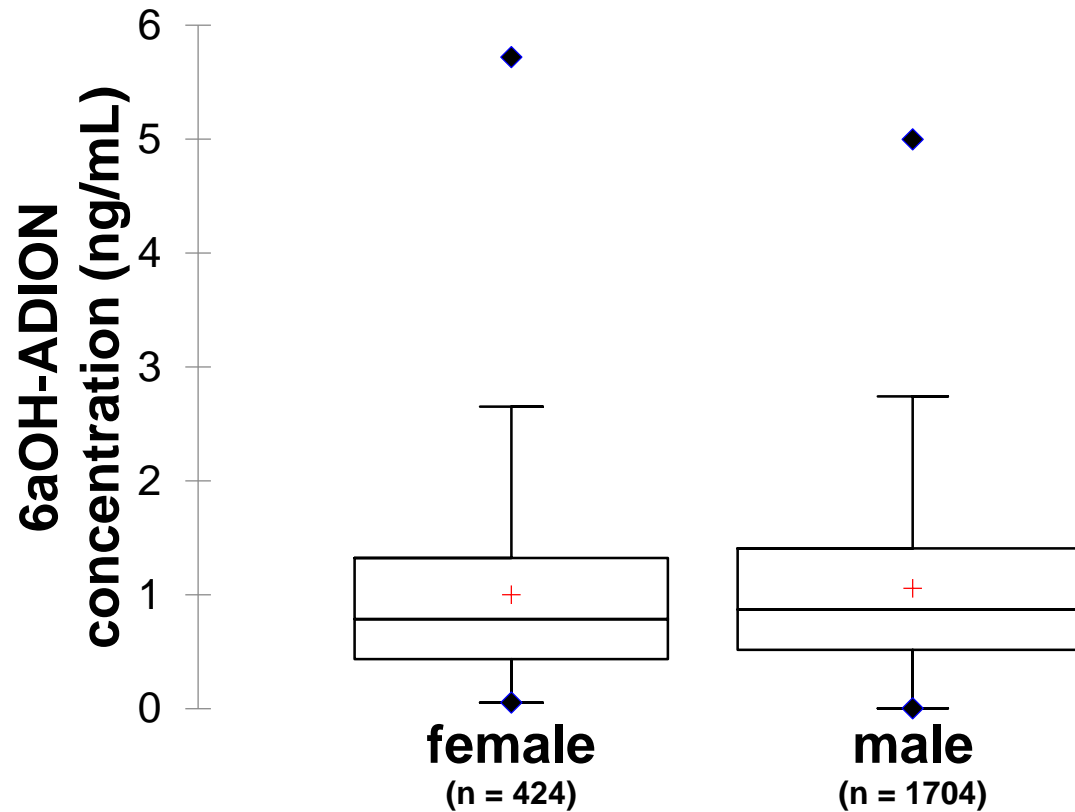
⁴⁾Van Renterghem, P., et al. *Steroids*, **75**, 154 (2010).

⁵⁾Van Renterghem, P., et al. *Steroids*, **75**, 1047 (2010).

REFERENCE POPULATION



REFERENCE POPULATION





Contents lists available at [ScienceDirect](#)

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journal homepage: www.elsevier.com/locate/aca



A uniform sample preparation procedure for gas chromatography combustion isotope ratio mass spectrometry for all human doping control relevant anabolic steroids using online 2/3-dimensional liquid chromatography fraction collection



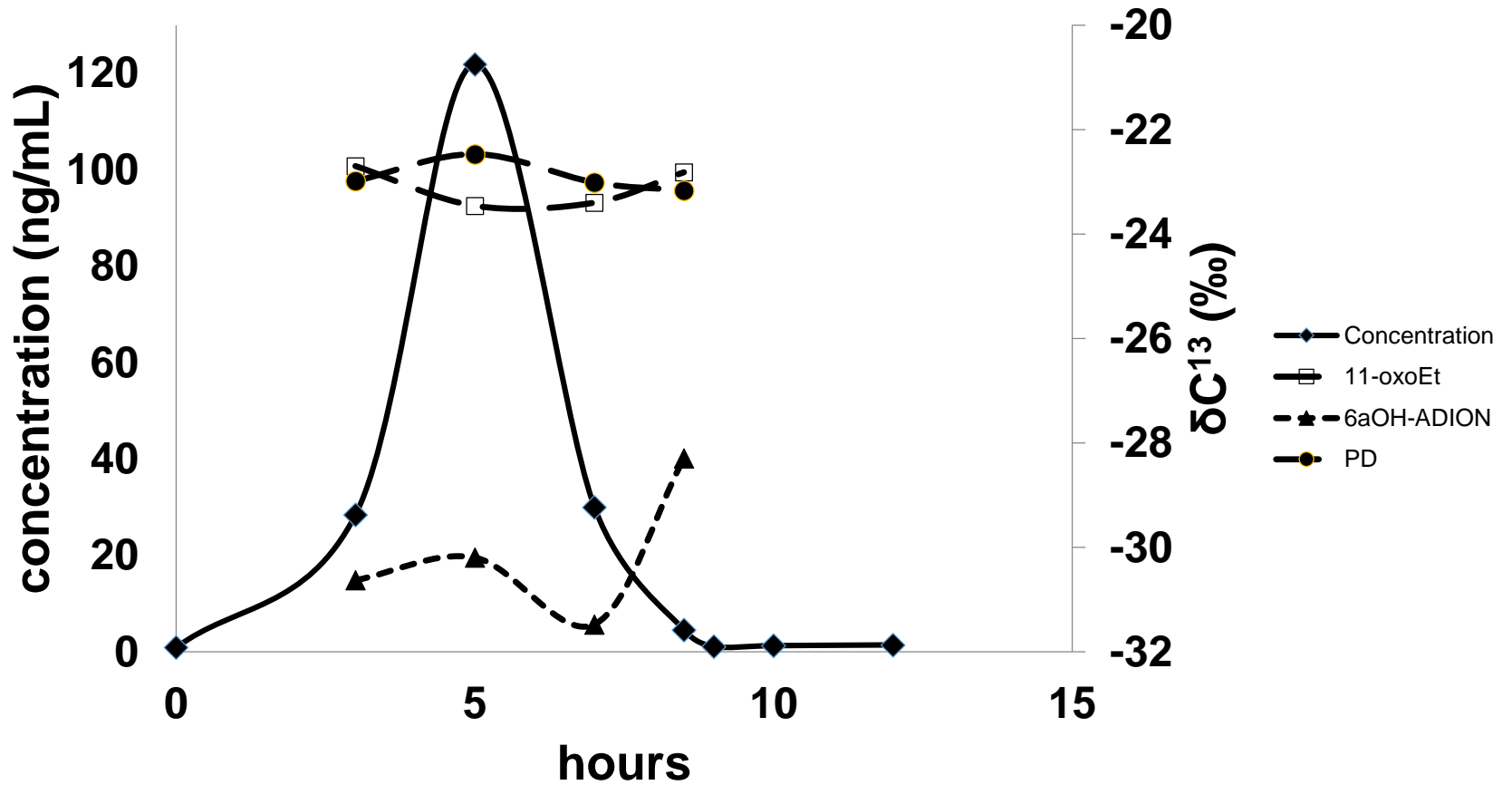
Lenka Honesova^{*}, Peter Van Eenoo, Michael Polet

ENDOGENOUS ^{13}C VALUES

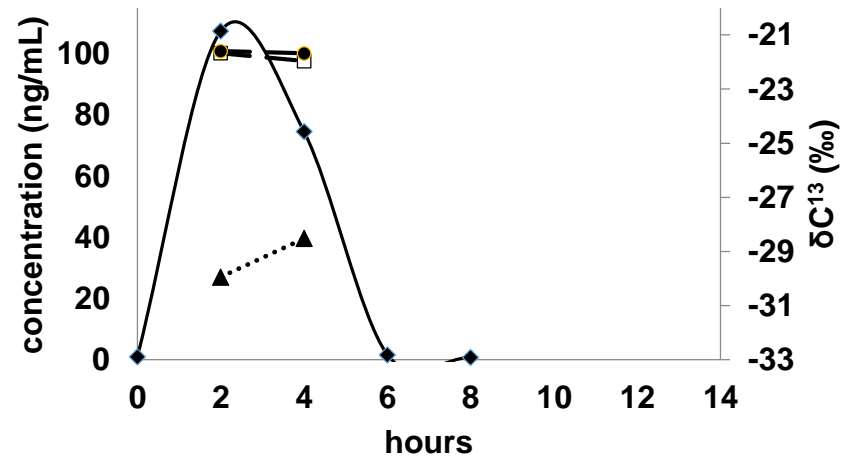
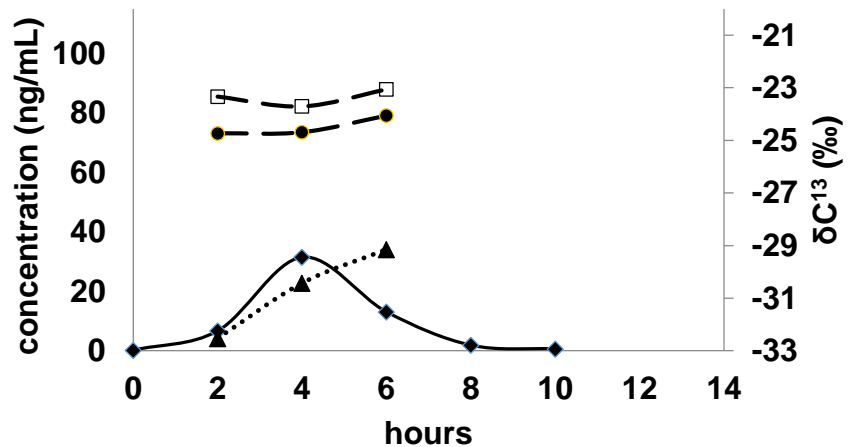
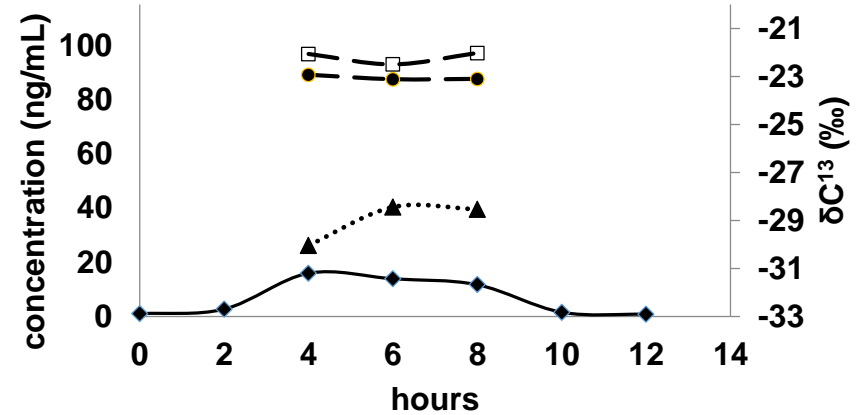
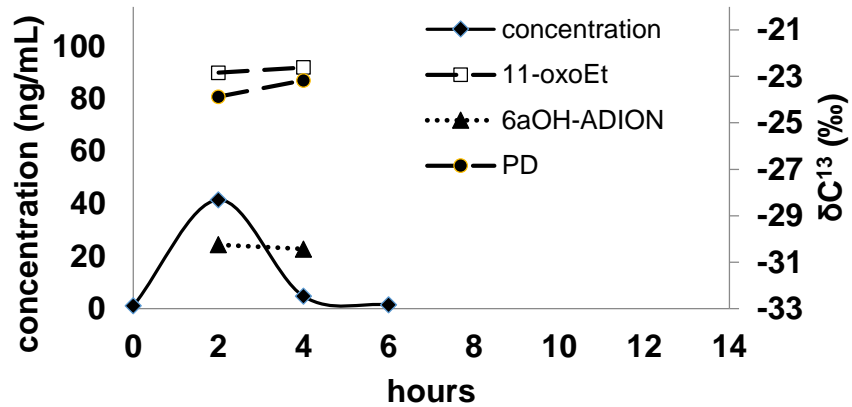
Only 4 out of 2128 samples contained a sufficiently high 6aOH-ADION concentration for IRMS

Sample	Sex	Concentration of 6aOH-ADION (ng/mL)	$\delta^{13}\text{C}$ value(‰)			$\Delta\delta^{13}\text{C}$ value(‰)	
			6aOH-ADION	11-oxoEt	PD	11-oxoEt – 6aOH-ADION	PD – 6aOH-ADION
A	F	5.7	-24.10	-24.83	-24.16	-0.73	-0.06
B	M	4.9	-22.52	-23.05	-22.68	-0.53	-0.16
C	M	4.6	-23.97	-23.08	-23.39	0.90	0.58
D	M	4.4	-23.61	-23.55	-22.73	0.06	0.88
					Average	-0.07	0.31
					Standard deviation	0.73	0.50

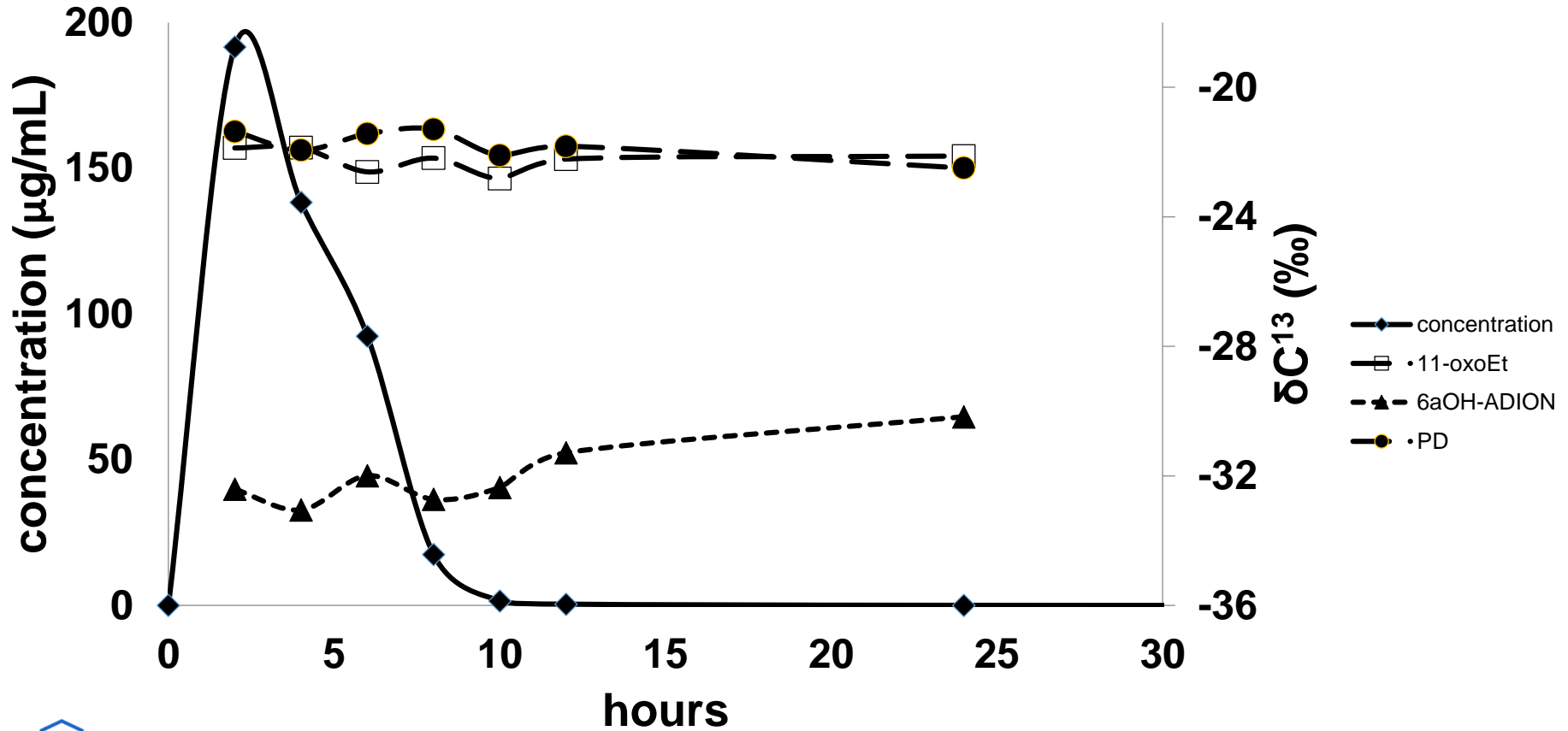
EXCRETION STUDY ADION



EXCRETION STUDY TU



EXCRETION STUDY 6OXO-ADION



EXCRETION STUDIES

In all samples where 6aOH-ADION was elevated, at least one classic steroid profile parameter was elevated as well.

⇒ IRMS would have been recommended anyway

⇒ why monitor 6aOH-ADION?

SUSPICIOUS SAMPLE

	A	Et	aab-diol	bab-diol	T	EpiT	DHEA	DHT	ADION	Formestane	7bOH-DHEA	6aOH-ADION	PD	11-oxoEt
Concentration (ng/mL)	3236	1330	58	13	3.4	8.7	12	2.8	0.6	8.5	4.9	17	43	

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Studies on the minor metabolite 6 α -hydroxy-androstenedione for doping control purposes and its contribution to the steroid profile

Michael Polet,* Pieter Van Renterghem, Wim Van Gansbeke
and Peter Van Eenoo

PART THREE: 19NA

SUSPICIOUS CASES

Some 19NA cases that were likely to be an AAF, but turned out to be negative on IRMS.

7 ng/mL 19NA; AAF for some other AAS

$$19\text{NA} = -25,2 \text{ ‰}$$

$$\text{PD} - 19\text{NA} = 1 \text{ ‰}$$

$$\text{PD} = -24,2 \text{ ‰}$$

$$11\text{oxoEt} - 19\text{NA} = 1,4 \text{ ‰}$$

$$11\text{oxoEt} = -23,8 \text{ ‰}$$

SUSPICIOUS CASES

7 ng/mL 19NA; AAF for drostanolone

$$19NA = -22,8 ‰$$

$$PD - 19NA = 0,3 ‰$$

$$PD = -22,5 ‰$$

$$11oxoEt - 19NA = 0,0 ‰$$

$$11oxoEt = -22,8 ‰$$

SUSPICIOUS CASES

4,7 ng/mL 19NA; AAF for some other AAS

$$19NA = -24,9 \text{ ‰}$$

$$PD - 19NA = 3,2 \text{ ‰}$$

$$PD = -21,7 \text{ ‰}$$

$$11\text{oxoEt} - 19NA = 3,4 \text{ ‰}$$

$$11\text{oxoEt} = -21,5 \text{ ‰}$$

19NA RESEARCH PROJECT

Sport Integrity Australia
Australian Sports Drug Testing Laboratory

***Estimation of the prevalence of injectable nandrolone
preparations in Australia with endogenous carbon
isotope ratios***

40 previously reported positive workplace urine samples from the period 2018 – 2021 containing 19NA

=> 28 had sufficient urine for 19NA IRMS analysis in the Ghent doping control laboratory

19NA RESEARCH PROJECT

6 out 28 sample < 15 ng/ml => IRMS

22 out 28 sample > 15 ng/ml => AAF

23 out 28 samples (82%) in the endogenous range ($\delta^{13}\text{C} \geq -25.8\text{‰}$)

9 samples AAF

11 samples ATF

8 samples negative

19NA RESEARCH PROJECT

A lot more nandrolone preparations with endogenous $\delta^{13}\text{C}$

Need to work closely with TA/RMAs

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

Thanks to...

WADA

PCC

Sport Integrity Australia

ASDTL

Colleagues of DoCoLab

Thank you for your attention!